



Form Approved
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UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY Comprehensive Assessment Information Rule REPORTING FORM

OFFICE OF

when completed, send this form to:	For Agency Use Only:
Document Processing Center	Date of Receipt:
Office of Toxic Substances, TS-790	
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency	Document
401 M Street, SW	Control Number:
Washington, DC 20460	

Docket Number:

Attention: CAIR Reporting Office

PART	A (GENERAL REPORTING INFORMATION
1.01	Th	is Comprehensive Assessment Information Rule (CAIR) Reporting Form has been
<u>CBI</u>	COI	mpleted in response to the <u>Federal Register Notice of $[7]2$</u> $[2]2$ $[8]8$
[_]	a.	If a Chemical Abstracts Service Number (CAS No.) is provided in the Federal
		Register, list the CAS No
	b.	If a chemical substance CAS No. is not provided in the <u>Federal Register</u> , list either (i) the chemical name, (ii) the mixture name, or (iii) the trade name of the chemical substance as provided in the <u>Federal Register</u> .
		(i) Chemical name as listed in the rule
		(ii) Name of mixture as listed in the rule
		(iii) Trade name as listed in the rule
	Ċ.	The short 1 is a second of the
		If a chemical category is provided in the <u>Federal Register</u> , report the name of the category as listed in the rule, the chemical substance CAS No. you are reporting on which falls under the listed category, and the chemical name of the substance you are reporting on which falls under the listed category.
		the category as listed in the rule, the chemical substance CAS No. you are reporting on which falls under the listed category, and the chemical name of the
		the category as listed in the rule, the chemical substance CAS No. you are reporting on which falls under the listed category, and the chemical name of the substance you are reporting on which falls under the listed category.
		the category as listed in the rule, the chemical substance CAS No. you are reporting on which falls under the listed category, and the chemical name of the substance you are reporting on which falls under the listed category. Name of category as listed in the rule
1.02		the category as listed in the rule, the chemical substance CAS No. you are reporting on which falls under the listed category, and the chemical name of the substance you are reporting on which falls under the listed category. Name of category as listed in the rule
	Ide	the category as listed in the rule, the chemical substance CAS No. you are reporting on which falls under the listed category, and the chemical name of the substance you are reporting on which falls under the listed category. Name of category as listed in the rule
CBI	Ide	the category as listed in the rule, the chemical substance CAS No. you are reporting on which falls under the listed category, and the chemical name of the substance you are reporting on which falls under the listed category. Name of category as listed in the rule
CBI	Ide Man Imp	the category as listed in the rule, the chemical substance CAS No. you are reporting on which falls under the listed category, and the chemical name of the substance you are reporting on which falls under the listed category. Name of category as listed in the rule
1.02 CBI	Ide Man Imp	the category as listed in the rule, the chemical substance CAS No. you are reporting on which falls under the listed category, and the chemical name of the substance you are reporting on which falls under the listed category. Name of category as listed in the rule
CBI	Ide Man Imp Pro X/P	the category as listed in the rule, the chemical substance CAS No. you are reporting on which falls under the listed category, and the chemical name of the substance you are reporting on which falls under the listed category. Name of category as listed in the rule
CBI	Ide Man Imp Pro X/P	the category as listed in the rule, the chemical substance CAS No. you are reporting on which falls under the listed category, and the chemical name of the substance you are reporting on which falls under the listed category. Name of category as listed in the rule
CBI	Ide Man Imp Pro X/P	the category as listed in the rule, the chemical substance CAS No. you are reporting on which falls under the listed category, and the chemical name of the substance you are reporting on which falls under the listed category. Name of category as listed in the rule

1.03 <u>CBI</u>	in Yes	s the substance you are reporting on have an "x/p" designation associated with it the above-listed Federal Register Notice? Go to question 1.04
1.04 <u>CBI</u> [_]	а.	Do you manufacture, import, or process the listed substance and distribute it under a trade name(s) different than that listed in the Federal Register Notice? Circle the appropriate response. Yes
	b.	Check the appropriate box below: [] You have chosen to notify your customers of their reporting obligations Provide the trade name(s) [] You have chosen to report for your customers [] You have submitted the trade name(s) to EPA one day after the effective date of the rule in the Federal Register Notice under which you are reporting.
1.05 <u>CBI</u>	Trad Is Yes	you buy a trade name product and are reporting because you were notified of your orting requirements by your trade name supplier, provide that trade name. de name
1.06 CBI	sig "I ent	tification The person who is responsible for the completion of this form must not the certification statement below: hereby certify that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, all information ered on this form is complete and accurate." OFFICE OFF
<u>[]</u>]	Mark	(X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

1 300

× 300

1.07	Exemptions From Reporting If you have provided EPA or another Federal	agency
CBI ·	with the required information on a CAIR Reporting Form for the listed subwithin the past 3 years, and this information is current, accurate, and contains the past 3 years, and this information is current, accurate, and contains the past 3 years, and this information is current, accurate, and contains the past 3 years, and this information is current, accurate, and contains the past 3 years, and this information is current, accurate, and contains the past 3 years, and this information is current.	
ODI '	for the time period specified in the rule, then sign the certification be	
[_]	are required to complete section 1 of this CAIR form and provide any info	ormation
	now required but not previously submitted. Provide a copy of any previous submissions along with your Section 1 submission.	ıs
	/ Submissions along with your section I submission.	
	"I hereby certify that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, all requi	red
	information which I have not included in this CAIR Reporting Form has been to EPA within the past 3 years and is current, accurate, and complete for	n submitted
	period specified in the rule."	the time
	NAME / SIGNATURE DA	TE SIGNED
		3101120
	TITLE (on premisana
		OF PREVIOUS UBMISSION
	/	DIIIOOTON
1.08	CBI Certification If you have asserted any CBI claims in this report y	ou must
	certify that the following statements truthfully and accurately apply to	all of
CDT	those confidentiality claims which you have asserted.	
CBI	"My company has taken measures to protect the confidentiality of the info	rmation.
[_]	and it will continue to take these measures; the information is not, and	has not
	been, reasonably ascertainable by other persons (other than government bo	dies) by
	using legitimate means (other than discovery based/on a showing of specia a judicial or quasi-judicial proceeding) without my company's consent; th	T ueeg ju
	information is not publicly available elsewhere and disclosure of the in	formation
	would cause substantial harm to my company's competitive position."	
	NAME SIGNATURE DA	TE SIGNED
	/ / / -	
	TITLE TELEPHONE NO.	
	\cdot	
,_,	M 1 (11) 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
(_1)	Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.	

PART	B CORPORATE DATA
1.09	Facility Identification Triad - Fab
<u>CBI</u>	Name [7]R]]]]A]D]-]F]A]B]C]O]_]I]N]C]_]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]
[_]	Address [7]3]2]5]] B] A] [[[[] [] [] [] [] [] [] [
	[开]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]
	[전] <u>ට</u>] [<u>2</u>] <u>7</u>] <u>2</u>] <u>5</u>][]]]] State
	Dun & Bradstreet Number
	EPA ID Number
-	Employer ID Number
	Primary Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Code
	Other SIC Code[_]]_]]_]
	Other SIC Code
1.10	Company Headquarters Identification
CBI	Name [_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]
<u>_</u> 1	Address [_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]
	[_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]
	[_]_] [_]]]][_]]_]_] State
	Dun & Bradstreet Number[_]_]-[_]_]-[_]]_]-[_]]]
	Employer ID Number

1.11	Parent Company Identification
CBI	Name [_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]
	(
	[_]_] [_]]]]][_]]]] State
	Dun & Bradstreet Number
1.12	Technical Contact
<u>CBI</u>	Name [
	[卫]丁]][[][[][[][][][][][][][][][][][][][
	[][] [][][][][][][][][][][][][][][][][]
	Telephone Number[至] [7] [8] [7] [7] [7] [5] [5] [5] [5] [5] [5] [5] [5] [5] [5
1.13	This reporting year is from

7 3

1.14	Facility Acquired If you purchased this facility during the reporting year, provide the following information about the seller:
CBI	Name of Seller [_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]
[_]	Mailing Address [_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]
	[_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]
	[_] Staye [_]_]_]_][_]_]_]_
	Employer ID Number
	Date of Sale
	Contact Person [_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]
	Telephone Number
1.15	Facility Sold If you sold this facility during the reporting year, provide the following information about the buyer: NA
CBI	Name of Buyer [_]]]]]]]]]]]
[_]	Mailing Address [_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]
	[_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]
	State Zip
	Employer ID Number
	Date of Purchase [_]_] [_]_] [_]_] [_]_] [_]_]
	Contact Person [/_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]]]]
	Telephone Number
<u>_</u>] M	ark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

1.16 CBI	For each classification listed below, state the quantity of the list was manufactured, imported, or processed at your facility during the	ed substance that reporting year.	
 [<u></u>]	Classification	Quantity (kg/yr)	
_	Manufactured	NA	
	Imported		
	Processed (include quantity repackaged)	47,500	
	Of that quantity manufactured or imported, report that quantity:	,	
	In storage at the beginning of the reporting year	<u>NA</u>	
	For on-site use or processing	<u>NA</u>	
	For direct commercial distribution (including export)	<u>NA</u>	
	In storage at the end of the reporting year	<u>NA</u>	
	Of that quantity processed, report that quantity:		
	In storage at the beginning of the reporting year	. 12,800	
	Processed as a reactant (chemical producer)	. NA	
	Processed as a formulation component (mixture producer)	<u>NA</u>	
	Processed as an article component (article producer)	. 47,500	
	Repackaged (including export)	NA	
	In storage at the end of the reporting year	. 25.400	

[_] Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

PART	PART C IDENTIFICATION OF MIXTURES					
1.17	Mixture If the listed subsor a component of a mixture, chemical. (If the mixture coeach component chemical for a	provide the provide the provide the provide the provided	he following is variable	informat	tion for eac	ch component
<u>CBI</u>		NA				
[_]	Component Name		Supplier Name		Compositi (specify	erage % on by Weight precision, 45% ± 0.5%)
					Total	100%

 $[\ \]$ Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

2.04	State the quantity of the listed substance that your facility manu or processed during the 3 corporate fiscal years preceding the represending order.	afactured, importe porting year in
<u>CBI</u>		
[_]	Year ending	[<u>[]]</u>] [<u>8</u>] Mo. Yea
	Quantity manufactured	NA 1
	Quantity imported	NA
	Quantity processed	45,000
	Year ending	[<u>0]3]</u> [8]6 Mo. Year
-	Quantity manufactured	NA I
	Quantity imported	
	Quantity processed	
	Year ending	[<u>0]3]</u> [<u>8]5</u> Mo. Year
	Quantity manufactured	//-A k
	Quantity imported	NA k
	Quantity processed	40,500 k
2.05 CBI	Specify the manner in which you manufactured the listed substance. appropriate process types.	Circle all
[_]	Continuous process	
	Semicontinuous process	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	Batch process	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	2	

2.06 CBI	Specify the manner in which you processed the listed substance. Circle all appropriate process types.					
[_]	Continuous process .			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
	Semicontinuous proces	s				
`	Batch process	••••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	(
2.07 CBI	State your facility's substance. (If you a question.)	name-plate capacity free a batch manufacture	for manufacturing or per or batch processor,	processing the listed do not answer this		
			/ /			
`_,	Manufacturing capacity	,	··· <i>j</i>	kg/y:		
	Processing capacity		<i>/····</i> /·····	kg/yi		
2.08 CBI	If you intend to incremanufactured, imported year, estimate the incovolume.	, or processed at any	' time after vour curr	ent corporate fiscal		
[_]		Manufacturing Quantity (kg)	Importing Quantity (kg)	Processing Quantity (kg)		
	Amount of increase	NA	NA	5,000		
	Amount of decrease	NA	NA	NA		
	•					
			•			
	W 1 /W	_				
I	Mark (X) this box if y	ou attach a continuat:	ion sheet.			

2.09	Of For the three largest volume manufacturing or processing process types involving the listed substance, specify the number of days you manufactured or processed the list substance during the reporting year. Also specify the average number of hours per day each process type was operated. (If only one or two operations are involved, list those.)				
CBI					
[_]		•	Days/Year	Average Hours/Day	
	Process Type #1	(The process type involving the largest quantity of the listed substance.)			
		Manufactured Processed	NA	NA	
		Processed	245	8	
	Process Type #2	(The process type involving the 2nd largest quantity of the listed substance.)			
		Manufactured	<u> </u>		
		Processed	1111		
	Process Type #3	(The process type involving the 3rd largest quantity of the listed substance.)			
		Manufactured	MA		
		Processed	NA		
2.10 <u>CBI</u>	substance that chemical.	um daily inventory and average monthly inventor was stored on-site during the reporting year in	the form of	ted a bulk kg	
	Average monthly	inventory		kg	
[_]	Mark (X) this bo	ox if you attach a continuation sheet.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

<u>CBI</u>	tured, import means the sou	bstance in concentratied, or processed. The rce from which the bypt to the product (e.g.,	source of byproducts	ets, coproducts, s s, or impurities	or impurities are made or on product,
	CAS No.	Chemical Name	Byproduct, Coproduct or Impurity ¹	Concentration (%) (specify ± % precision)	Source of By products, Co products, or Impurities
	¹Use the follo	owing codes to designa	te byproduct, copro	duct. or impurity	

<u>CBI</u>	the quantity of listed total volume of listed quantity of listed subslisted under column b., the instructions for fu	substance used duri stance used captivel , and the types of e	ng t ly or end-u	the reporting year n-site as a percen users for each pro	. Also list the tage of the value
	a. Product Types ¹	b. % of Quantity Manufactured, Imported, or Processed		c. % of Quantity Used Captively On-Site	d. Type of End-Users ²
	K	100	_	100	I
					
	<pre>"Use the following code A = Solvent B = Synthetic reactant C = Catalyst/Initiator Sensitizer D = Inhibitor/Stabiliz Antioxidant E = Analytical reagent F = Chelator/Coagulant G = Cleanser/Detergent H = Lubricant/Friction agent I = Surfactant/Emulsif J = Flame retardant "K = Coating/Binder/Adh</pre> "Use the following code	: :/Accelerator/ :er/Scavenger/ :/Sequestrant :/Degreaser i modifier/Antiwear :ier iesive and additives	M = N = O = P = Q = R = T = V = V = X = type	Moldable/Castable Plasticizer Dye/Pigment/Color Photographic/Rep and additives Electrodeposition Fuel and fuel add Explosive chemical Fragrance/Flavor Pollution control Functional fluid Metal alloy and Rheological modi Other (specify) of end-users:	als and additives chemicals l chemicals s and additives additives
	<pre>I = Industrial CM = Commercial</pre>	CS = Cons H = Othe		specify)	

a. Product Types ¹	b. % of Quantity Manufactured, Imported, or Processed ///	Used	C. f Quantity d Captively On-Site	d. Type of End-Users
Product Types ¹	Manufactured, Imported, or Processed	Used	d Captively On-Site	Type of End-Users
K			100	
		-		
Solvent Synthetic reactan Catalyst/Initiato Sensitizer Inhibitor/Stabili Antioxidant Analytical reagen Chelator/Coagulan Cleanser/Detergen Lubricant/Friction agent Surfactant/Emulsi Flame retardant Coating/Binder/Add	t r/Accelerator/ zer/Scavenger/ t t/Sequestrant t/Degreaser n modifier/Antiwear fier hesive and additives	L = Mold M = Plas N = Dye/ O = Phot and P = Elec Q = Fuel R = Expl S = Frag T = Poll U = Func V = Meta W = Rheo X = Othe	able/Castable ticizer Pigment/Color ographic/Rep additives trodeposition and fuel ad osive chemic rance/Flavor ution controtional fluid lalloy and logical modir (specify)	n/Plating chemicals ditives als and additives chemicals l chemicals s and additives additives
	es to designate the	type of e	nd-users:	
			у)	
	Solvent Synthetic reactan Catalyst/Initiato Sensitizer Inhibitor/Stabili Antioxidant Analytical reagen Chelator/Coagulan Cleanser/Detergen Lubricant/Frictio agent Surfactant/Emulsi Flame retardant Coating/Binder/Ad	Solvent Synthetic reactant Catalyst/Initiator/Accelerator/ Sensitizer Inhibitor/Stabilizer/Scavenger/ Antioxidant Analytical reagent Chelator/Coagulant/Sequestrant Cleanser/Detergent/Degreaser Lubricant/Friction modifier/Antiwear agent Surfactant/Emulsifier Flame retardant Coating/Binder/Adhesive and additives the following codes to designate the Industrial CS = Const	Solvent Synthetic reactant Catalyst/Initiator/Accelerator/ Sensitizer Inhibitor/Stabilizer/Scavenger/ Antioxidant Analytical reagent Chelator/Coagulant/Sequestrant Cleanser/Detergent/Degreaser Lubricant/Friction modifier/Antiwear Surfactant/Emulsifier Flame retardant Coating/Binder/Adhesive and additives U = Function V = Meta V = Rheo Coating/Binder/Adhesive and additives Industrial CS = Consumer	Synthetic reactant Catalyst/Initiator/Accelerator/ Sensitizer Inhibitor/Stabilizer/Scavenger/ Antioxidant Analytical reagent Cleanser/Detergent/Degreaser Lubricant/Friction modifier/Antiwear Surfactant/Emulsifier Flame retardant Coating/Binder/Adhesive and additives M = Plasticizer N = Dye/Pigment/Colo Photographic/Rep and additives P = Electrodepositio R = Explosive chemic S = Fragrance/Flavor T = Pollution contro U = Functional fluid V = Metal alloy and Flame retardant V = Rheological modi Coating/Binder/Adhesive and additives T = Other (specify) The following codes to designate the type of end-users: Industrial CS = Consumer

Final Product -- Complete the following table for each type of final product 2.14 manufactured, imported, or processed at your facility that contains the listed substance other than as an impurity. d. ь. a. c. Average % Composition of Listed Substance Final Product's Type of Product Type¹ End-Users' Physical Form' in Final Product ¹Use the following codes to designate product types: A = Solvent L = Moldable/Castable/Rubber and additives B = Synthetic reactant M = Plasticizer C = Catalyst/Initiator/Accelerator/ N = Dye/Pigment/Colorant/Ink and additives Sensitizer 0 = Photographic/Reprographic chemical D = Inhibitor/Stabilizer/Scavenger/ and additives Antioxidant P = Electrodeposition/Plating chemicals E = Analytical reagent Q = Fuel and fuel additives F = Chelator/Coagulant/Sequestrant R = Explosive chemicals and additives G = Cleanser/Detergent/Degreaser S = Fragrance/Flavor chemicals H = Lubricant/Friction modifier/Antiwear T = Pollution control chemicals U = Functional fluids and additives I = Surfactant/Emulsifier V = Metal alloy and additives J = Flame retardant W = Rheological modifier K = Coating/Binder/Adhesive and additives X = Other (specify) ²Use the following codes to designate the final product's physical form: A = GasF2 = Crystalline solid B = LiquidF3 = GranulesF4 = Other solidC = Aqueous solution D = PasteG = GelE = SlurryH = Other (specify) F1 = Powder³Use the following codes to designate the type of end-users: I = Industrial CS = ConsumerCM = Commercial H = Other (specify)

[<u>]</u>]	Mark (X)	this box	if you	attach a	a continua	ation shee	:t.		***************************************

2.15 CBI		le all applicable modes of transportation used to deliver bulk shipments of ed substance to off-site customers. \mathcal{N}	the
[_]	Truc	k	1
	Rail	car	2
	Barg	e, Vessel	3
	Pipe:	line	4
	Plane	e	5
	0the:	r (specify)	6
2.16 CBI	or p	omer Use Estimate the quantity of the listed substance used by your cust repared by your customers during the reporting year for use under each cate and use listed (i-iv).	omers gory
[_]	Cate	gory of End Use	
	i.	Industrial Products	
		Chemical or mixture	kg/yr
		Article	kg/yr
	ii.	Commercial Products	
		Chemical or mixture	kg/yr
		Article	kg/yr
	iii.	Consumer Products	
		Chemical or mixture	kg/yr
		Article	kg/yr
	iv.	<u>Other</u>	
		Distribution (excluding export)	kg/yr
		Export	kg/yr
		Quantity of substance consumed as reactant	kg/yr
		Unknown customer uses	kg/yr
[<u>_</u>]	Mark	(X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.	

SECTION 3 PROCESSOR RAW MATERIAL IDENTIFICATION

PART	A GENERAL DATA		
3.01 <u>CBI</u> [_]	Specify the quantity purchased and the average price for each major source of supply listed. Product trade The average price is the market value of the product substance.	es are treated a	s purchases.
4	Source of Supply	Quantity (kg)	Average Price (\$/kg)
	The listed substance was manufactured on-site.	NA	NA
	The listed substance was transferred from a different company site.	NA	NA
	The listed substance was purchased directly from a manufacturer or importer.	NA	NA
	The listed substance was purchased from a distributor or repackager.	60,109	2.05
	The listed substance was purchased from a mixture producer.	NA	NA
3.02 <u>CBI</u> [_]	Circle all applicable modes of transportation used to your facility. Truck		
[_]	Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.		

3.03 CBI	a.	Circle all applicable containers used to transport the listed substance to your facility.
		Bags 1
		Boxes 2
		Free standing tank cylinders 3
		Tank rail cars 4
		Hopper cars 5
		Tank trucks 6
		Hopper trucks 7
		Drums 8
		Pipeline 9
		Other (specify)10
	b.	If the listed substance is transported in pressurized tank cylinders, tank rail cars, or tank trucks, state the pressure of the tanks.
		Tank cylinders mmHg
		Tank rail cars mmHg
		Tank trucks mmHg
[_]	Mar	k (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

Average % Composition Supplier or by Weight Processed (specify ± % precision) (kg/yr)	3.04 <u>CBI</u> []]	of the mixture, the na	me of its supplier(s) ition by weight of th	form of a mixture, list the or manufacturer(s), an est the listed substance in the morting year.	imate of the
% Composition Amount Supplier or 1 by Weight Processed	·—,		NA	Average	
		Trade Name	Supplier or 1 Manufacturer	% Composition by Weight	Processed

[_]	Mark	(X)	this	box	if	you	attach	а	${\tt continuation}$	sheet.
-----	------	-----	------	-----	----	-----	--------	---	----------------------	--------

I reporting year in the for:	listed substance used as a mof a class I chemical, class by weight, of the listed subs	ss II chemical, or polymer, and
	Quantity Used (kg/yr)	% Composition by Weight of Listed Substance in Raw Material (specify \pm % precision
Class I chemical	47,500	100
	4444	
Class II chemical		
	-	
	·	
Polymer		

	SE	CTION 4 PHYSICAL/CH	EMICAL PROPERTIES	
Gene	ral Instructions:			
If yo 4 tha	ou are reporting on a mi at are inappropriate to	xture as defined in mixtures by stating	the glossary, reply to "NA mixture."	questions in Section
notic	questions 4.06-4.15, if ce that addresses the in imile in lieu of answeri	formation requested,	you may submit a copy	abel, MSDS, or other or reasonable
PART	A PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL DA	TA SUMMARY		
4.01 CBI	substance as it is manusubstance in the final	ufactured, imported, product form for man	ajor ¹ technical grade(s or processed. Measure nufacturing activities, begin to process the su	the purity of the at the time you
· ,		Manufacture	Import	Process
	Technical grade #1	NA % purity	NA % purity	99,9 % purity
	Technical grade #2	NA % purity	NA % purity	NA % purity
	Technical grade #3	NA % purity	NA % purity	NA % purity
	¹ Major = Greatest quant	tity of listed substa	ance manufactured, impo	rted or processed.
4.02	Submit your most recent substance, and for ever an MSDS that you develo version. Indicate when appropriate response.	ry formulation contai oped and an MSDS deve	ining the listed substant eloped by a different se	nce. If you possess ource, submit your
	Yes	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		1
	No	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
	Indicate whether the MS			
	Your company	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
	Another source	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		(2

4.03	Submit a copy or reasonable facsimile of any hazard information (other than an MSDS) that is provided to your customers/users regarding the listed substance or any formulation containing the listed substance. Indicate whether this information has been submitted by circling the appropriate response.						
	Yes 1						
	No						
4.04	For each activity that uses the listed substance, circle all the applicable number(s) corresponding to each physical state of the listed substance during the activity						

4.04 For each activity that uses the listed substance, circle all the applicable number(s) corresponding to each physical state of the listed substance during the activity listed. Physical states for importing and processing activities are determined at the time you import or begin to process the listed substance. Physical states for manufacturing, storage, disposal and transport activities are determined using the final state of the product.

Physical State Liquified Liquid Gas Gas Solid Slurry Activity 5 2 3 4 1 Manufacture 5 2 1 Import 5 2 1 **Process** 5 2 1 Store 5 1 Dispose 5 2 3 1 Transport

[] Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

: X: • ~

4.05 Particle Size -- If the listed substance exists in particulate form during any of the following activities, indicate for each applicable physical state the size and the percentage distribution of the listed substance by activity. Do not include particles ≥10 microns in diameter. Measure the physical state and particle sizes for importing and processing activities at the time you import or begin to process the CBI listed substance. Measure the physical state and particle sizes for manufacturing storage, disposal and transport activities using the final state of the product. Physical State Manufacture Import Process Store Dispose Transport Dust <1 micron 1 to <5 microns 5 to <10 microns Powder <1 micron 1 to <5 microns 5 to <10 microns Fiber <1 micron 1 to <5 microns 5 to <10 microns Aerosol <1 micron 1 to <5 microns

Mark (X)	this box	if you	attach	a continuation	sheet.	

5 to <10 microns

		SECTION 5 ENVIRONMENTA	L FATE	1	
PART	A 1	RATE CONSTANTS AND TRANSFORMATION PRODUCTS	1/2		
5.01	In	dicate the rate constants for the following tr	ansforma	on processes.	
	a.	Photolysis:			
		Absorption spectrum coefficient (peak)		(1/M cm) at _	nm
		Reaction quantum yield, 6			
		Direct photolysis rate constant, k _p , at		1/hr	latitude
	b.	Oxidation constants at 25°C:			
		For ¹ 0 ₂ (singlet oxygen), k _{ox}		and the same time and the same at	1/M hr
		For RO ₂ (peroxy radical), k _{ox}			1/M hr
	c.	Five-day biochemical oxygen demand, BOD,			
	d.	Biotransformation rate constant:			
		For bacterial transformation in water, k			1/hr
		Specify culture			
	e.	Hydrolysis rate quistants:			
		For base-promoted process, k,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1/M hr
		For acid process, k,	,		1/M hr
		For neutral process, k,			
	f.	Chemical reduction rate (specify conditions)			
	g.	other (such as spontaneous degradation)			
			9 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 1		
	Mar	k (X) this box if you attach a continuation sl	heet.	,	

PART	В	PARTITION COEFFICIENTS	- UA				
5.02	a.	Specify the half-life	of the list	ed substan	ce in the following	ng media	1.
		<u>Media</u>			Half-life (speci	fy units	<u>s)</u>
		Groundwater					
		Atmosphere	_				
		Surface water					
		Soil	\mathbb{X}	7			
	b.	Identify the listed s life greater than 24	ubstance s k	nown trans	formation products	s that h	nave a half-
		CAS No.	Nam.	<u>e</u>	Half-life (specify units)		Media
						in	
		——————————————————————————————————————				in	
						in	
			the high particles are a second as a secon			in	
5.03	Spe	cify the octanol-water	partition c	oefficient	, K _{ow}		at 25°C
	Met	hod of calculation or	letermination	n			
5.04	Spe	cify the soil-water pa	rtition coef	ficient, K	d · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		at 25°C
	Soi	1 type		• • • • • • • • •			
5.05 /	S/pe /co/e	cify the organic carbon fficient, K _{oc}		• • • • • • • • •			at 25°C
5.06	Spe	ecify the Henry's Law Co		• • • • • • • •			_atm-m³/mole
	Mar	k (X) this box if you	attach a con	tinuation s	sheet.		

•	Bioconcentration Factor Species	Test ¹
	¹ Use the following codes to designate the type of test:	
	F = Flowthrough S = Static	
	•	

	NA	****	
6.04 CBI	For each market listed below, state the listed substance sold or transfer	he quantity sold and the red in bulk during the re	total sales value of eporting year.
[_]	Market	Quantity Sold or Transferred (kg/yr)	Total Sales Value (\$/yr)
		Trumsterred (kg/yr)	value (5/31)
	Retail sales		
	Distribution Wholesalers		
	Distribution Retailers		
	Intra-company transfer	<u> </u>	
	Repackagers		
	Mixture producers		
	Article producers	<u>X</u> /	
	Other chemical manufacturers or processors		
	Exporters		
	Other (specify)		
6.05 <u>CBI</u>	Substitutes List all known commerci for the listed substance and state the feasible substitute is one which is ed in your current operation, and which reperformance in its end uses.	cost of each substitute onomically and technolog	. A commercially ically feasible to use
·	UK Substitute	W II	<u>Cost (\$/kg)</u>
		•	
[_]	Mark (X) this box if you attach a cont	inuation sheet.	***************************************

	SECTION 7 MANUFACTURING AND PROCESSING INFORMATION
Gener	ral Instructions:
provi	questions 7.04-7.06, provide a separate response for each process block flow diagram ided in questions 7.01, 7.02, and 7.03. Identify the process type from which the smation is extracted.
PART	A MANUFACTURING AND PROCESSING PROCESS TYPE DESCRIPTION
7.01 CBI	In accordance with the instructions, provide a process block flow diagram showing the major (greatest volume) process type involving the listed substance.

Process type REBOND POLYURETHANE FOAM MANUFACTURING PROCESS

•	In accor showing substan	rdance with each of the	the instruction three mag	uctions, p jor (great	rovide a se est volume)	eparate proc process ty	ess block f pes involvi	low diagram ng the listed
<u>CBI</u>								
[_]	Process	type	••					
				•				
				-				

	In accordance with the instructions, provide a process block flow diagram showing all process emission streams and emission points that contain the listed substance and which, if combined, would total at least 90 percent of all facility emissions if not treated before emission into the environment. If all such emissions are released from one process type, provide a process block flow diagram using the instructions for question 7.01. If all such emissions are released from more than one process type, provide a process block flow diagram showing each process type as a separate block.
CBI	

[] Process type REBDIND POLYUPITEAN FORM MANUFACTURING PROXESS

<u>CBI.</u>		Process type REBUND POLYUNETHANS FORM MANUFACTURING PROCESS							
	Unit Operation ID Number	Typical Equipment Type	Operating Temperature Range (°C)	Operating Pressure Range (mm Hg)	Vessel Composition				
	7.6	DIAPHDALM PHAP	300		uk				
	7.21	CANNED PUMP	_30°		STEEL				
	7.7	AGITATOR TANKS	<u> 30°</u>		STEEL				
	7.8	AGITATOR TANKS	30		STEEL				
	7.10	HAMMER MILL	AMERICA COM		<u>57872</u>				
	7.9	PNEUMATIC SYSTEM	AMOJEMI		STEEL				
	7.14	COMPRESSION MOLD	100		STEEL				
									

 $[\ \]$ Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

7.05	process block	process stream identified in yo flow diagram is provided for mo omplete it separately for each	ore than one process type	iagram(s). If a e, photocopy this
<u>CBI</u>				
[_]	Process type .	REBOND POLYUDATHAN	FORM MAINFACTURE	NA PROCES
	Process Stream ID Code	Process Stream Description	Physical State ¹	Stream Flow (kg/yr)
	7D,7G,7C	POLYOL	06	142,500
	7E,7F,7C	TDI	04	47,500
	7 I	PREPULYMER	04	190,000
	74,75,7K,7K,7K,7	IM POLYURETHANE FORM	<u> </u>	1,900,000
	GC = Gas (cond GU = Gas (unco SO = Solid SY = Sludge or AL = Aqueous : OL = Organic :	liquid	e and pressure) are and pressure)	

_]	Process ty	pe REBOND PO	LYUPETHA	NE FORM MANUA	FRETURING FROCESS
	a.	b.	с.	d.	е.
	Process Stream ID Code	Known Compounds ¹	Concen- trations ^{2,3} (% or ppm)	Other Expected Compounds	Estimated Concentration (% or ppm)
	72	POLYOL	100%	NA	NA
	7 E	TDI	99.9 %	HYDROLYZABLE	.190
				CHLORIDE	
	7 <i>I</i>	POLYOL, TDI	10000	NA	NA
	7 M	SHREDDED FORM	1000)5	NA	NA
	70	POLYDL, TOI, SUPEDDED FORM	100%	NA	NA
	7R	REBOND POLYUDETHANE FORM	100%	NA	NA
6	continued	below			

7 00	1 4 1	
/ • VO	(contin	wea i

NA

For each additive package introduced into a process stream, specify the compounds that are present in each additive package, and the concentration of each component. Assign an additive package number to each additive package and list this number in column b. (Refer to the instructions for further explanation and an example. Refer to the glossary for the definition of additive package.)

Additive Package Number	Components of Additive Package	<u>-</u>	Concentrations (% or ppm)
1		-	
2			
3	/ / / / / /	/ - -	
4	<u></u>		
5		- -	
		-	

V = Volume

if you attach a continuation shee	if	xod	this	K) t	(X	c (Mark	Mark	ark (X) this box if you attach a
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²Use the following codes to designate how the concentration was determined:

A = Analytical result

E = Engineering judgement/calculation

³Use the following codes to designate how the concentration was measured:

W = Weight

SECTION 8 RESIDUAL TREATMENT GENERATION, CHARACTERIZATION, TRANSPORTATION, AND MANAGEMENT

General Instructions:

For questions 8.04-8.06, provide a separate response for each residual treatment block flow diagram provided in question 8.01, 8.02 or 8.03. Identify the process type from which the information is extracted.

For questions 8.05-8.33, the Stream Identification Codes are those process streams listed in either the Section 7 or Section 8 block flow diagrams which contain residuals for each applicable waste management method.

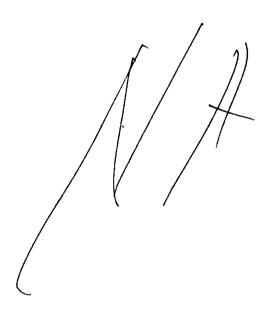
For questions 8.07-8.33, if residuals are combined before they are handled, list those Stream Identification Codes on the same line.

Questions 8.09-8.33 refer to the waste management activities involving the residuals identified in either the Section 7 or Section 8 block flow diagrams. Not all Stream Identification Codes used in the sample answers (e.g., for the incinerator questions) have corresponding process streams identified in the block flow diagram(s). These Stream Identification codes are for illustrative purposes only.

For questions 8.11-8.33, if you have provided the information requested on one of the EPA Office of Solid Waste surveys listed below within the three years prior to your reporting year, you may submit a copy or reasonable facsimile in lieu of answering those questions which the survey addresses. The applicable surveys are: (1) Hazardous Waste Treatment, Storage, Disposal, and Recycling Survey; (2) Hazardous Waste Generator Survey; or (3) Subtitle D Industrial Facility Mail Survey.

[_]	Mark	(X)	this	box	if	you	attach	а	$\\ {\tt continuation}$	sheet.
-----	------	-----	------	-----	----	-----	--------	---	-------------------------	--------

PART	A RESIDUAL TREATMENT PROCESS DESCRIPTION
8.01 CBI	In accordance with the instructions, provide a residual treatment block flow diagram which describes the treatment process used for residuals identified in question 7.01.
[_]	Process type



[\boxtimes] Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

3 <u>I</u> _]		type		ns for further	explanation	and an examp.	e.,
_,	a.	b.	с.	d.	/e.	f.	g.
	Stream ID Code	Type of Hazardous Waste	Physical State of Residual ²	Known Compounds ³	Concentra- tions (% or ppm) ⁴ ,5,6	Other Expected Compounds	Estimated Concen- trations (% or ppm)
							
	And the following state of the contraction	Charles and the same and the sa					
			<u> </u>				
	10.						

8.05 (continued)

¹Use the following codes to designate the type of hazardous waste:

I = Ignitable

C = Corrosive

R = Reactive

E = EP toxic

T = Toxic

H = Acutely hazardous

 2 Use the following codes to designate the physical state of the residual:

GC = Gas (condensible at ambient temperature and pressure)

GU = Gas (uncondensible at ambient temperature and pressure)

SO = Solid

SY = Sludge or slurry

AL = Aqueous liquid

OL = Organic liquid

IL = Immiscible liquid (specify phases, e.g. / 90% water, 10% toluene)

8.05 continued below

[] Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

05	(continued)	A	
٠	³ For each additive package that are present in each a Assign an additive package column d. (Refer to the i Refer to the glossary for	introduced into a process streadditive package, and the concess number to each additive package the definition of additive package.	eam, specify the compound entration of each compone age and list this number nation and an example. ckage.)
	Additive Package Number	Components of Additive Package	Concentrations (% or ppm)
	1		
	2		
	3		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	. / /	/	
	5		
	⁴ Use the following codes to	designate how the concentratio	n was determined:
	A = Analytical result E = Engineering judgement/c		
 5	continued below	***************************************	

	//	
8.05	(continued)	
·	⁵ Use the following codes to designate how the concentration was measu	red:
	V = Volume W = Weight	
	⁶ Specify the analytical test methods used and their detection limits below. Assign a code to each test method used and list those codes	in the table in column e.
	<u>Code</u> <u>Method</u>	Detection Limit $(\pm \text{ ug/l})$
	1	
	2	
	3	
	4	
	5	
	6	
	// 9	

 $[\ \]$ Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

<u>BI</u>	Process	type						
	a.	b.	c.	d.	/ e		f.	g.
	Stream ID Code	Waste Description Code ¹	Management Method Code ²	Residual/ Quantities (kg/yr)	of Resi	gement dual (%) Off-Site	Costs for Off-Site Management (per kg)	Changes in Management Methods
		//						

[] Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

EXHIBIT 8-1. (Refers to question 8.06(b))

WASTE DESCRIPTION CODES

These waste description codes were developed specifically for this survey to supplement the descriptions listed with the RCRA and other waste codes. (These waste description codes are not regulatory definitions.)

WASTE DESCRIPTION CODES FOR HAZARDOUS WASTE DESCRIBED BY A SINGLE RCRA F, K, P, OR U WASTE CODE

AO1	Spent	solvent	(E001.	.F005	KOR6)	
~~	Sheur	SOIAGIII	(, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		L/OO/	

A02 Other organic liquid (F001-F005, K086)

A03 Still bottom (F001-F005, K086)

A04 Other organic sludge (F001-F005, K086)

A05 Wastewater or aqueous mixture

A06 Contaminated soil or cleanup residue A07 Other F or K waste, exactly as described

A08 Concentrated off-spec or discarded

NOS Concentrated off-spec or discarded product

A09 Empty containers

A10 Incinerator ash

A11 Solidified treatment residue

A12 Other treatment residue (specify in "Facility Notes")

A13 Other untreated waste (specify in "Facility Notes")

"Exactly as described"	means that the waste matches the description of the RCRA waste code.
------------------------	--

INORGANIC LIQUIDS—Waste that is onmarily
Inorganic and highly fluid (e.g., aqueous), with
low suspended inorganic solids and low organic
content.

801 Aqueous waste with low solvents

B02 Aqueous waste with low other toxic organics

B03 Spent acid with metals

804 Spent acid without metals

805 Acidic aqueous waste

B06 Caustic solution with metals but no cyanides

B07 Caustic solution with metals and cyanides B08 Caustic solution with cyanides but no

metals B09 Spent caustic

B10 Caustic aqueous waste

B11 Aqueous waste with reactive sulfides

B12 Aqueous waste with other reactives (e.g., explosives)

B13 Other aqueous waste with high dissolved solids

B14 Other aqueous waste with low dissolved solids

B15 Scrubber water

B16 Leachate

B17 Waste liquid mercury

B18 Other inorganic liquid (specify in "Facility Notes")

INORGANIC SLUDGES—Waste that is primarily inorganic, with moderate-to-high water content and low organic content; pumpable.

B19 Lime sludge without metals

B20 Lime sludge with metals/metal hydroxide sludge B21 Wastewater treatment sludge with toxic

organics

B22 Other wastewater treatment sludge

B23 Untreated plating sludge without cyanides B24 Untreated plating sludge with cyanides

B25 Other sludge with cyanides

B26 Sludge with reactive suifides

B27 Sludge with other reactives

B28 Degreasing sludge with metal scale or filings

B29 Air pollution control device sludge (e.g., fly ash, wet scrubber sludge)

830 Sediment or lagoon dragout contaminated with organics

B31 Sediment or lagoon dragout contaminated with inorganics only

832 Drilling mud

833 Asbestos slurry or sludge

B34 Chloride or other brine sludge B35 Other inorganic sludge (specify in

"Facility Notes")

INORGANIC SOLIDS—Waste that is primarily inorganic and solid, with low organic content and low-to-moderate water content; not pumpable.

836 Soil contaminated with organics

B37 Soil contaminated with inorganics only

B38 Ash, slag, or other residue from incineration of wastes

B39 Other "dry" ash, slag, or thermal residue

840 "Dry" lime or metal hydroxide solids chemically "fixed"

B41 "Dry" lime or metal hydroxide solids not "fixed"

B42 Metal scale, filings, or scrap

B43 Empty or crushed metal drums or containers

B44 Batteries or battery parts, casings, cores

B45 Spent solid filters or adsorbents

B46 Asbestos solids and debns

B47 Metal-cyanide salts/chemicals

B48 Reactive cyanide salts/chemicals

B49 Reactive sulfide salts/chemicals B50 Other reactive salts/chemicals

B51 Other metal salts/chemicals B52 Other waste inorganic chemicals

853 Lab pecks of old chemicals only

B54 Lab packs of debris only

B55 Mixed lab packs

B56 Other inorganic solids (specify in "Facility Notes")

INORGANIC GASES—Waste that is primarily inorganic with a low organic content and is a gas at atmospheric pressure.

857 Inorganic gases

ORGANIC LIQUIDS—Waste that is primarily organic and is highly fluid, with low inorganic solids content and low-to-moderate water content.

858 Concentrated solvent-water solution

B59 Halogenated (e.g., chlorinated) solvent

B60 Nonhalogenated solvent

Halogenated/nonhalogenated solvent

B62 Oil-water emulsion or mixture

B63 Waste oil

B61

B64 Concentrated aqueous solution of other organics

B65 Concentrated phenolics

866 Organic paint, ink. lacquer, or varnish

B67 Adhesives or expoxies

868 Paint thinner or petroleum distillates

B69 Reactive or polymerizable organic liquid B70 Other organic liquid (specify in "Facility

Notes")

ORGANIC SLUDGES—Waste that is primarily organic, with low-to-moderate inorganic solids content and water content; pumpable.

871 Still bottoms of halogenated (e.g., chlorinated) solvents or other organic liquids

B72 Still bottoms of nonhalogenated solvents or other organic liquids

B73 Oily sludge

B74 Organic paint or ink sludge

B75 Reactive or polymerizable organics

B76 Resins, tars, or tarry sludge B77 Biological treatment sludge

B78 Sewage or other untreated biological

sludge

B79 Other organic sludge (specify in "Facility Notes")

ORGANIC SOLIDS—Waste that is primarily organic and solid, with low-to-moderate inorganic content and water content; not pumpable.

B80 Halogenated pesticide solid

B81 Nonhalogenated pesticide solid

882 Solid resins or polymerized organics

883 Spent carbon

884 Reactive organic solid

B85 Empty fiber or plastic containers
B86 Lab packs of old chemicals only

67 Lab packs of debris only

888 Mixed lab packs

B89 Other halogenated organic solid

B90 Other nonhalogenated organic solid

ORGANIC GASES—Waste that is primarily organic with low-to-moderate inorganic content and is a gas at atmospheric pressure.

B91 Organic gases

EXHIBIT 8-2. (Refers to question 8.06(c))

MANAGEMENT METHODS

M1 =	Discharge to publicly owned	Reco	very of solvents and liquid organics
	wastewater treatment works		reuse
M2 =	Discharge to surface water under	1SR	Fractionation
	NPDES	2SR	Batch still distillation
M3 =	Discharge to off-site, privately		Solvent extraction
	owned wastewater treatment works	4SR	Thin-film evaporation
.M4 =	Scrubber: a) caustic; b) water;		Filtration
_	c) other	6SR	Phase separation
M5 =	Vent to: a) atmosphere; b) flare;	7SR	Dessication
	c) other (specify)	8SR	Other solvent recovery
M6 =	Other (specify)		
			very of metals
TKKA	THENT AND RECYCLING	1MR	Activated carbon (for metals
T4			recovery)
	neration/thermal treatment	2MR	
1I	Liquid injection		recovery)
21	Rotary or rocking kiln		Electrolytic metal recovery
31	Rotary kiln with a liquid injection	4MR	
<i>i</i> . T	unit	5MR	·
4I	Two stage	ć 5	recovery)
51 6I	Fixed hearth	6MR	
7I	Multiple hearth	7145	recovery)
8I	Fluidized bed	/MR	Ultrafiltration (for metals
	Infrared Fume/vapor	OMB	recovery)
101	Pyrolytic destructor	BMK	Other metals recovery
111		Voct	eveter Treetment
	treatment		evater Treatment
	creatment.	ALCE	r each wastewater treatment type
Reng	e as fuel		listed below (1WT - 66WT) specify
	Cement kiln		a) tank; or b) surface impoundment
	Aggregate kiln		(i.e., 63WTa)
	Asphalt kiln	Faria	lization
	Other kiln		
	Blast furnace	1 W 1	Equalization
	Sulfur recovery furnace	C	ida auidasia
7RF	Smelting, melting, or refining		ide oxidation
/ K.F	furnace		Alkaline chlorination Ozone
ADE	Coke oven		Electrochemical
	Other industrial furnace	5WT	
	Industrial boiler	DAI	Other cyanide oxidation
	Utility boiler		. 1
	Process heater		ral oxidation (including
			nfection)
INC	Other reuse as fuel unit		Chlorination
D 1	Disables	7VT	* · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Blending		UV radiation
IFB	Fuel blending	9WT	Other general oxidation
Coli.	dification	al -	
15			ical precipitation1
2S	Cement or cement/silicate processes		Lime
3S	Pozzolanic processes		Sodium hydroxide
33 48	Asphaltic processes		Soda ash
45 55	Thermoplastic techniques Organic polymer techniques		Sulfide
55 65	Jacketing (macro-encapsulation)	TAAL	Other chemical precipitation
7S	Other solidification	Chus	mium reduction
, 5	omer surruittedini		mium reduction Sodium bisulfite
			Sulfur dioxide
			3011101 CITTION

EXHIBIT 8-2. (continued)

MANAGEMENT METHODS

17WT Ferrous sulfate 18WT Other chromium reduction

Complexed metals treatment (other than chemical precipitation by pH adjustment) 19WT Complexed metals treatment

Emulsion breaking 20WT Thermal 21WT Chemical 22WT Other emulsion breaking

Adsorption 23WT Carbon adsorption 24WT Ion exchange 25WT Resin adsorption 26WT Other adsorption

Stripping 27WT Air stripping 28WT Steam stripping 29WT Other stripping

Evaporation
30WT Thermal
31WT Solar
32WT Vapor recompression
33WT Other evaporation

Filtration
34WT Diatomaceous earth
35WT Sand
36WT Multimedia
37WT Other filtration

Sludge dewatering
38VT Gravity thickening
39VT Vacuum filtration
40VT Pressure filtration (belt, plate
and frame, or leaf)
41VT Centrifuge
42VT Other sludge dewatering

Air flotation 43WT Dissolved air flotation 44WT Partial aeration 45WT Air dispersion 46WT Other air flotation

Oil skimming 47WT Gravity separation 48WT Coalescing plate separation 49WT Other oil skimming

Other liquid phase separation 50WT Decanting 51WT Other liquid phase separation

Biological treatment
52VT Activated sludge
53VT Fixed film-trickling filter
54VT Fixed film-rotating contactor
55VT Lagoon or basin, aerated
56VT Lagoon, facultative
57VT Anaerobic
58VT Other biological treatment

Other wastewater treatment
59WT Wet air oxidation
60WT Neutralization
61WT Nitrification
62WT Denitrification
63WT Flocculation and/or coagulation
64WT Settling (clarification)
65WT Reverse osmosis
66WT Other wastewater treatment

OTHER VASTE TREATMENT

1TR Other treatment 2TR Other recovery for reuse

ACCUMULATION

1A Containers 2A Tanks

STORAGE

1ST Container (i.e., barrel, drum)
2ST Tank
3ST Unste mile

3ST Waste pile 4ST Surface impoundment

5ST Other storage

DISPOSAL

1D Landfill

2D Land treatment

3D Surface impoundment (to be closed as a landfill)

4D Underground injection well

Chemical precipitation is a treatment operation whereby the pH of a waste is adjusted to the range necessary for removal (precipitation) of contaminants. However, if the pH is adjusted solely to achieve a neutral pH, THE OPERATION SHOULD BE CONSIDERED NEUTRALIZATION (60WT).

[_]		Combustion Chamber Temperature (°C)	/ Tem	ation of perature onitor	In Co	ence Time mbustion (seconds)
	Incinerator 1 2 3 Indicate by circle Yes	Primary Secondar	Vaste survey ha		Primary ted in lieu	of response
8.23 CBI	treatment bloc	following table for the te to burn the residuck flow diagram(s).	als identified Pollution	t (by capacit I in your proc	ess block or Types Emission	residual of s Data
<u>CBI</u>	Incinerator	te to burn the residuk flow diagram(s).	Pollution	t (by capacit in your proc	ess block or Types Emission Avail	residual of s Data
<u>CBI</u>	Incinerator	te to burn the residuk flow diagram(s).	Pollution rol Device	t (by capacit in your proc	Types Emission Avail	residual of s Data
<u>CBI</u>	Incinerator	te to burn the residuk flow diagram(s).	Pollution	t (by capacit in your proc	ess block or Types Emission Avail	residual of s Data

		SECTION 9	WORKER EXI	POSURE		
General Instru	ctions:					
processing the creatment unle	listed substan	ce. Do not : olved in thi:	include work s treatment	ers involved in process on a re	ved in manufactur n residual waste egular basis (i.€	
		•				
		·				

PART A EMPLOYMENT AND POTENTIAL EXPOSURE PROFILE

9.01 Mark (X) the appropriate column to indicate whether your company maintains records on the following data elements for hourly and salaried workers. Specify for each data element the year in which you began maintaining records and the number of years the records for that data element are maintained. (Refer to the instructions for further explanation and an example.)

Data Element	ata are Ma Hourly Workers	intained for: Salaried Workers	Year in Which Data Collection Began	Number of Years Records Are Maintained
Date of hire		X	1975	
Age at hire		<u> </u>	1975	
Work history of individual before employment at your facility	_X_	<u>×</u>	197-	
Sex	<u> </u>	X	1975	
Race	NA	NA	NA	118
Job titles	NA	X	1975	10
Start date for each job title	NA		1975	
End date for each job title	NA	<u> </u>	1975	10
Work area industrial hygiene monitoring data	NA	_NA_	NA	NA
Personal employee monitoring data	NA	NA	NA	NA
Employee medical history	NA	NA	NA	NA
Employee smoking history	NA	_NA	NA.	NR
Accident history	NA	MA	NR.	NA.
Retirement date	<u> </u>	X	1975	10
Termination date	X	<u>X</u>	1575	
Vital status of retirees	MA	AN	NA	<u> </u>
Cause of death data	NA	411	<u> </u>	NR

[] Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation she		Herr (V)	CHIT	UUX	ΤT	you	attacii	a	Continuation	Silee
--	--	----------	------	-----	----	-----	---------	---	--------------	-------

In accordance with the instructions, complete the following table for each activity 9.02 in which you engage. CBI [-]d. b. e. c. a. Total Total Yearly Worker-Hours Process Category Workers Activity Quantity (kg) **Enclosed** Manufacture of the listed substance NA Controlled Release NA NA 0pen NA Enclosed On-site use as reactant Controlled Release 28,000 0pen NA On-site use as Enclosed nonreactant Controlled Release 0pen Enclosed On-site preparation 300 of products Controlled Release NONE

NA

0pen

^[] Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

.03 .BI	Provide a description encompasses workers listed substance.	ive job title for each labor category at your facility that s who may potentially come in contact with or be exposed to the
	Labor Category	Descriptive Job Title
	Α	
	В	PREPOLYMER ADHESIVE MAKER MOLDERS
	C	
	D	
	E	
	F	
	G	•
	H	
	I	
	J	

.04	In according to the second sec	rdance with e associate	the instruction d work areas.	s, provide your	process block flo	w diagram(s) and
<u> </u>						
_]	Process	type	REBOND POLY	URETHANE FORM	MANUFACTURING	PROCESS
			,			
					•	
						,

9.05	may potentially come additional areas not	work area(s) shown in question 9.04 that encompass workers who in contact with or be exposed to the listed substance. Add any shown in the process block flow diagram in question 7.01 or s question and complete it separately for each process type.
CBI		
[_]	Process type	REBUND POLYHRETHANE FOAM MANUFACTURING PROCESS
	Work Area ID	Description of Work Areas and Worker Activities
	1	PREPOLYMER MIX TANKS GOTALLY ENCLOSED
	2	ON SCALE) WORKER WEIGHS REACTANTS
	3	IN CLOSED TANKS.
	4	WURKERS FILL MOLD IN VENTILATED AND
	5	CLUSED AREA AND STEAM MOLD
	6	
	7	
	8	
	9	
	10	
		•
		•
	Manufa (W) all 1 and 2	you attach a continuation sheet.

9.06 CBI	Complete the following table for each work area identified in question 9.05, and for each labor category at your facility that encompasses workers who may potentially come in contact with or be exposed to the listed substance. Photocopy this question and complete it separately for each process type and work area.											
	Process type REBUND POSTURETHAND FORM MANNEACTURING PROCESS											
	Work area		• • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	····· PREF	DLYMER						
	Labor Category	Number of Workers Exposed	Mode of Exposu (e.g., din skin conta	rect	Physical State of Listed Substance	Average Length of Exposure Per Day ²	Number of Days per Year Exposed					
	A		INHALAT	700	<u> </u>	A	245					
	<i>B</i>	16	INHALATI	لمه	GU	_A	245					
	4-9-4-8-4-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1											
							· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
						-	·					
	¹ Use the fol	lowing codes to exposure:	to designate th	e physic	al state of	the listed su	bstance at					
	GC = Gas (condensible at	t ambient	SY =	Sludge or sl	lurry						
		rature and pre uncondensible		AL = Aqueous liquid OL = Organic liquid								
	tempe	rature and pre	essure;	IL = Immiscible liquid								
	inclu SO = Solid	des fumes, vap	oors, etc.)	(specify phases, e.g., 90% water, 10% toluene)								
	² Use the following codes to designate average length of exposure per day:											
	B = Greater	tes or less than 15 minut ng 1 hour	es, but not	е	xceeding 4 h							
	C = Greater	than one hour ng 2 hours	, but not	E = Greater than 4 hours, but not exceeding 8 hours F = Greater than 8 hours								

9.07	Weighted Average (egory represented in question 9.06 (TWA) exposure levels and the 15-miestion and complete it separately f	nute peak exposure levels.
CBI			
[_]	Process type	••	
	Work area		
	Labor Category	8-hour TWA Exposure Level (ppm, mg/m³, other-specify)	15-Minute Peak Exposure Leve (ppm, mg/m³, other-specify)
	- A	.0065	4m/N. 1020-1037
	\mathcal{B}	<.005	4 min. < .020037
	-		
	- Mark Condition (marks) - And Andrews - Andre		

	. N. Price Co.		

	Work area ID	Testing Frequency (per year)	Number o Samples (per test		Analyzed In-House (Y/N)	Number of Years Records Maintained
oreathing ork area les oatches oles oles cy samples		Frequency	Samples	Who	In-House	Years Records
ork area les patches ples ples ry samples		· / /				
les						
oatches						
oles oles cy samples	<u> </u>	· 				
oles ry samples ests	<u> </u>		-			
ry samples	<u> </u>					
ests	/					
/ -	—					
cify)		\				
/_/_						
city)						
cify)						
ollowing code	es to de	signate wh	o takes the	monitorin	g samples:	
ance carrier consultant	hygienis	:t				
		ollowing codes to de industrial hygienis ance carrier consultant	following codes to designate what industrial hygienist cance carrier consultant	following codes to designate who takes the industrial hygienist ance carrier consultant	collowing codes to designate who takes the monitoring industrial hygienist cance carrier consultant	following codes to designate who takes the monitoring samples: industrial hygienist cance carrier consultant

9.09 CBI	For each sample type identified in question analytical methodology used for each type of	.08, descrit sample.	oe the type of	sampling and							
[_]	Sample Type NA Sampling and Analytical Methodology										
	- $M//t$										
····											
9.10	If you conduct personal and/or ambient air mor	nitoring for	the listed s	ubstance,							
CBI	specify the following information for each equ	ipment type	used.								
		ıfacturer	Averaging Time (hr)	Model Number							
,	/		21	TOUCE THE TOUCE							
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		OR BEET STATE OF THE STATE OF T							
	Use the following codes to designate personal	air monito	ring equipment	types:							
	A = Passive dosimeter B = Detector tube										
	C = Charcoal filtration tube with pump D = Other (specify)										
	Use the following codes to designate ambient air monitoring equipment types:										
	<pre>E = Stationary monitors located within work area F = Stationary monitors located within facility</pre>										
	G = Stationary monitors located at plant boundary										
	<pre>H = Mobile monitoring equipment (specify) I = Other (specify)</pre>										
	Use the following codes to designate detection limit units:										
	A = ppm B = Fibers/cubic centimeter (f/cc) C = Micrograms/cubic meter (μ/m³)										
	Mania (W) Ald a land (
ιJ	Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation	sheet.									

9.11 CBI	If you conduct routine medical tests for more the listed substance, specify the type and it	trequency of the tests.
[_]	Test Description	Frequency (weekly, monthly, yearly, etc.)
***************************************	1	(weekly, monthly, yearly, etc.)
	•	

.12 <u>BI</u>	Describe the engineering co to the listed substance. P process type and work area.	ntrols that yo hotocopy this	ou use to reduce o question and comp	r eliminate wom lete it separan	ker exposur ely for eac
	Process type	. <u>REBOND POLYS</u>	IRETARNEFORM MY	ANUFA-TURING	PROCESS
	Work area	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		PREPOCIM	ET
	Engineering Controls	Used (Y/N)	Year Installed	Upgraded (Y/N)	Year Upgraded
	Ventilation:				
	Local exhaust	YES	1975	YE 5	1982
	General dilution	YES	1975	YES	1985
	Other (specify)	•			
	Vessel emission controls				
	Mechanical loading or packaging equipment				
	Other (specify)				
	DISSICATOR CONTROL	<u> </u>	1975	<i>N</i>	NA

[_]	Mark	(X)	this	box	if	you	attach	а	continuation	sheet
-----	------	-----	------	-----	----	-----	--------	---	--------------	-------

<u>I</u>	Describe all equipment or process modifications you have prior to the reporting year that have resulted in a reducthe listed substance. For each equipment or process modithe percentage reduction in exposure that resulted. Phot complete it separately for each process type and work are	tion of worker exposure t fication described, state ocopy this question and
_1	Process type REBOND POLYURETHANE FORM	MAMICACTUANIC BOCESS
	Work area	
	Equipment or Process Modification	Reduction in Worker Exposure Per Year (%)
	VONTILATED BINDER RULM	UK
	AIR VENTS TO PERSONELLAT MOLLING STATION	<u>u K</u>
		•
		•

9.14 CBI	in each work area	onal protective and safety equi in order to reduce or eliminat copy this question and complete	e their exposure	to the listed				
[_]	Process type REBUND POLYUNETHANE FORM MAMIFRETARING PROCESS							
	Work area	Work area/						
		Equipment Types Respirators Safety goggles/glasses Face shields Coveralls Bib aprons Chemical-resistant gloves Other (specify)	Wear or Use (Y/N)					

 $[\]$ Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

9.15	If workers use respirators when work process type, the work areas where t respirators used, the average usage, tested, and the type and frequency o complete it separately for each proc	he respirat whether or f the fit t	ors are us not the r	ed, the type espirators w	of ere fit
CBI	Process 4000	\mathcal{I}			
()	Work Respirator Area Type	Average Usage	Fit Tested (Y/N)	Type of Fit Test ²	Frequency of Fit Tests (per year)
	A = Daily B = Weekly C = Monthly D = Once a year E = Other (specify) 2 Use the following codes to designate QL = Qualitative QT = Quantitative	e the type	 of fit tes	t:	
[]]	Mark (X) this box if you attach a cor	ntinuation s	sheet.		

the listed substance, specify the frequency of the maintenance activity, and the person who performs the maintenance activity. Photocopy this question and complete it separately for each respirator type.					
Respirator type					
Respirator Maintenance Activity Frequency	Person Performing Activity ²				
Cleaning ///					
Inspection					
Replacement					
Cartridge/Canister					
Respirator unit					
¹ Use the following codes to designate the frequency of maintenance	activity:				
A = After each use B = Weekly C = Other (specify)					
² Use the following codes to designate who performs the maintenance	activity:				
A = Plant industrial hygienist B = Supervisor C = Foreman					
D = Other (specify)					
	responsible to the maintenance activity. Photocopy this question it separately for each respirator type. Respirator type Respirator Maintenance Activity Cleaning Inspection Replacement Cartridge/Canister Respirator unit 1 Use the following codes to designate the frequency of maintenance A = After each use B = Weekly C = Other (specify) 2 Use the following codes to designate who performs the maintenance A = Plant industrial hygienist B = Supervisor				

a.			1//		ype.	
Respirator type						
Type of Training ¹	Number of Workers Trained	Location of Training	Length of Training (hrs)	Person Performing Training	Frequ	
b.			-			
Type of Re-training	Number of Workers	Location of Re-Training ²	Length of Re-Training (hrs)	Person Performing Re-Training ³	Freque	
E = Emergenc R = Routine	у		the type of trainin			
E = Emergenc R = Routine 2 Use the foll A = Outside B = In-house C = On-the-je	y owing codes t plant instruc classroom ir ob	to designate (the type of training the type of training the type of training the location of tra			
E = Emergenc R = Routine 2 Use the foll A = Outside B = In-house C = On-the-j D = Other (s	y owing codes to plant instruct classroom in ob pecify)	to designate (ction nstruction		ining or re-trai	ning:	
E = Emergenc R = Routine Use the foll A = Outside B = In-house C = On-the-je D = Other (s) Use the following	owing codes to plant instruction of codes to pecify) owing codes to dustrial hygion	to designate of the contraction to designate the central designate of the central designation designate of the central designation designate of the central designate of the central designation	the location of tra	ining or re-trai — orms the trainin	ning:	
E = Emergenc R = Routine 2 Use the foll A = Outside B = In-house C = On-the-ja D = Other (s) 3 Use the follore-training: A = Plant inc B = Superviso C = Foreman D = Other (s)	owing codes of plant instruction classroom in obspecify) owing codes to dustrial hygion pecify)	to designate (ction nstruction to designate tenist	the location of tra	ining or re-trai - orms the trainin	ning: g or	

	Clothing and Equipment	Permeation Tests Conducted (Y/N)
	Coveralls	
	Bib apron	
	Gloves	<u> </u>
	Other (specify)	/ X
	viner (specify)	
•		

PART	E WORK PRACTICES						
9.19 <u>CBI</u>	Describe all of the work peliminate worker exposure authorized workers, mark a monitoring practices, providestion and complete it s	to the listed su areas with warnin vide worker train	bstance (e.g g signs, inst ing programs	., restrict en ure worker de , etc.). Pho	ntrance only to tection and tocopy this		
[_]	Process type <u>REBO</u>	IND POLYUPETH	ANS FORM M	ANVERETURN	a frucess		
	Work area			BLENDE	FR AREA 7.8		
	ACCESS SIGNS PERSONNEL VENT	·)					
	PERSONNEL VENT	TILATION SY	stems				
		•					
9.20	Indicate (X) how often you perform each housekeeping task used to clean up routine leaks or spills of the listed substance. Photocopy this question and complete it separately for each process type and work area. Process type REBAND POLYUPITANE FORM MANUFACTURING PROCESS Work area PREPOLYMER						
	Housekeeping Tasks	Less Than Once Per Day	1-2 Times Per Day	3-4 Times Per Day	More Than 4 Times Per Day		
	Sweeping						
	Vacuuming				***		
	Water flushing of floors						
	Other (specify)						
	WITH TOTALLY ENCLOS	SED SYSTEM	, WE KA	UE LAD N	O TOI SPILLS		
[_]	Mark (X) this box if you a	ttach a continua	tion sheet.	**************************************			

9.21	Do you have a written medical action plan for responding to routine or emergency exposure to the listed substance?
•	Routine exposure
	Yes
	No
	Emergency exposure
	Yes 1
	No
	If yes, where are copies of the plan maintained?
	Routine exposure:
	Emergency exposure:
9.22	Do you have a written lak and spill cleanup plan that addresses the listed substance? Circle the appropriate response.
	Yes 1
	No 2
	If yes, where are opies of the plan maintained?
	Has this plan been coordinated with state or local government response organizations? Circle the appropriate response.
	Yes 1
	No 2
9.23	Who is responsible for monitoring worker safety at your facility? Circle the appropriate response.
,	Plant safety specialist
Ν	Insurance carrier
c 1	Oshi consultant
	other (specify) MANUFACTURING MANAGEMENT
	Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

9.24	Who is responsible for safety and health training at your facility? Circle the appropriate response.
1	Plant safety specialist
	Insurance carrier 2
•	OSHA consultant 3
	Other (specify) MANUFACTUREING MANAGEMENT
9.25	Who is responsible for the medical program at your facility? Circle the appropriate response.
	Consulting physician
	Plant nurse
	Consulting nurse
	Other (specific MAMPACTURING MANAGEMENT

[_] Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

SECTION 10 ENVIRONMENTAL RELEASE

General Instructions:

Complete Part E (questions 10.23-10.35) for each non-routine release involving the listed substance that occurred during the reporting year. Report on all releases that are equal to or greater than the listed substance's reportable quantity value, RQ, unless the release is federally permitted as defined in 42 U.S.C. 9601, or is specifically excluded under the definition of release as defined in 40 CFR 302.3(22). Reportable quantities are codified in 40 CFR Part 302. If the listed substance is not a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA) and, thus, does not have an RQ, then report releases that exceed 2,270 kg. If such a substance however, is designated as a CERCLA hazardous substance, then report those releases that are equal to or greater than the RQ. The facility may have answered these questions or similar questions under the Agency's Accidental Release Information Program and may already have this information readily available. Assign a number to each release and use this number throughout this part to identify the release. Releases over more than a 24-hour period are not single releases, i.e., the release of a chemical substance equal to or greater than an RQ must be reported as a separate release for each 24-hour period the release exceeds the RO.

For questions 10.25-10.35, answer the questions for each release identified in question 10.23. Photocopy these questions and complete them separately for each release.

10.01	Where is your facility located? Circle all appropriate responses.
<u>CBI</u>	
[_]	Industrial area
	Urban area
	Residential area
	Agricultural area 4
	Rural area 5
	Adjacent to a park or a recreational area 6
	Within 1 mile of a navigable waterway 7
	Within 1 mile of a school, university, hospital, or nursing home facility 8
	Within 1 mile of a non-navigable waterway
	Other (specify)10

tude	ons in the vici	thing 798, ove, Eastinity of your facil	ity, provideinches/yearmeters
ou monitor meteorological conditional cond	, North	thing 798, ove, Eas	ity, provideinches/yearmeters
ou monitor meteorological conditical collowing information. age annual precipitation minant wind direction ate the depth to groundwater belato groundwater ach on-site activity listed, indepth to the environment.	ons in the vici	all routine release	ity, provideinches/yearmeters
ach on-site activity listed, indd substance to the environment.	ow your facilit	all routine releas	inches/year
ate the depth to groundwater bel to groundwater	ow your facilit	all routine releas	meters
ate the depth to groundwater bel to groundwater	ow your facilit	all routine releas	meters
ate the depth to groundwater belt to groundwater	ow your facilit	all routine releas	es of the
d substance to the environment.	icate (Y/N/NA) (Refer to the	all routine releas	es of the
u,		instructions for a	definition of
to Astivitu		vironmental Releas	
	Air	Water	Land
•			***************************************
-		4	
_	<u> </u>	NA	NA_
wise used			
ct or residual storage			
sal		- Andrews	
port	***		
1	te Activity acturing ting ssing wise used ct or residual storage sal port	te Activity acturing ting ssing wise used ct or residual storage sal	te Activity Air Water acturing ting ssing wise used ct or residual storage sal

	Provide the following information for the listed su of precision for each item. (Refer to the instruct		nd
CBI	an example.)		
[_]	Quantity discharged to the air	/NKプロピラ kg/yr ±	_ %
	Quantity discharged in wastewaters	kg/yr <u>+</u>	_ 2
	Quantity managed as other waste in on-site treatment, storage, or disposal units	kg/yr ±	_ %
	Quantity managed as other waste in off-site treatment, storage, or disposal units	kg/yr <u>+</u>	_ %

[_] Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

	Process type							
_]	Process Stream ID	Media .	Average Amount of Listed	Number of	Days of Operation			
	Code	Affected ¹	Substance Released ²	Batches/Year	Year			
	-							
		_/}/	/					
		/						
	-							
	Use the follo A = Air B = Land C = Groundwat D = POTW E = Navigable F = Non-navig G = Other (sp	er waterway able waterway	rignate the media affected:					
,	Specify the a	verage amount of	listed substance released to the units used to measure	to the environmente the release:	ent and us			
•	A = kg/day B = kg/batch							

10.08 CBI	Describe the control technologies used to minimize release of the listed substance for each process stream containing the listed substance as identified in your process block or residual treatment block flow diagram(s). Photocopy this question and complete it separately for each process type. Process type PEBOND POLYMONTHANS FORM PROMOTERIES (Periods)		
(<u> </u>			
	Stream ID Code	Control Technology NONE	Percent Efficiency
<u> </u>	Mark (X) this box if ye	ou attach a continuation sheet.	

10.09 <u>CBI</u> []	substance in ter residual treatme source. Do not	ms of a Stront block floinclude raw quipment leatype.	dentify each emission point eam ID Code as identified in ow diagram(s), and provide a material and product storagaks). Photocopy this questi	n your proce a description re vents, or	ess block or on of each point : fugitive emission
	Point Source ID Code		Description of F	Emission Poi	nt Source
	7.0		77 BINDER TANK		
	78		7.14 COMPRESSION	MOLD	
					·
	-				
*					
			•		

10.10 CBI	Emissio 10.09 h	Emission Characteristics Characterize the emissions for each Point Source ID Code identified in question 10.09 by completing the following table.										
	Point Source ID Code	Physical State	Average Emissions (kg/day)	Frequency ² (days/yr)	Duration ³ (min/day)	Average Emission Factor	Maximum Emission Rate (kg/min)	Maximum Emission Rate Frequency (events/yr)	Maximum Emission Rate Duration (min/event)			
	7.0	<u> </u>	UK_	245		UK	UK	uK	uk			
	7.Q	<u> </u>	<u>uk</u>	245	120	uK	ux	uK	uK			
				•								
						•						
			·									
		•										
				·								
	Use the following codes to designate physical state at the point of release: G = Gas; V = Vapor; P = Particulate; A = Aerosol; O = Other (specify)											
	² Freque	ncy of emiss	sion at any le	vel of emissio	n							
	³ Durati	on of emiss:	ion at any lev	el of emission	ı							
	⁴ Averag	e Emission H tion of list	Factor — Prov ted substance)	ide estimated	(± 25 percent	t) emission f	actor (kg of	emission per l	g of			

10.11 CBI	Stack Par identifie	cameters ed in quest	Identify th ion 10.09 by	e stack para completing	meters for the follow	each Point ing table.	Source ID (ode			
[_]	Point Source ID Code	Stack Height(m)	(m)	Exhaust Temperature (°C)	Emission Exit Velocity (m/sec)	Building Height(m) ¹	Building Width(m) ²	Vent Type			
	70	4 M	20"FAN D	UK 154PAGE	UK	4 m	NONE	H			
	70	6M	36"FAND15	CHARGE	UK	7 m	NONE	H			
											
	1,,,,,,										
		Height of attached or adjacent building									
		Width of attached or adjacent building									
	Use the following codes to designate vent type: H = Horizontal V = Vertical										

 $[\ \]$ Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

10.12 CBI	distribution for each Poi	s emitted in particulate form, indicate the particle size of the s
[_]	Point source ID code	······
	Size Range (microns)	Mass Fraction (% \pm % precision)
	< 1	
	≥ 1 to < 10	
	≥ 10 to < 30	
	≥ 30 to < 50	
	≥ 50 to < 100	
	≥ 100 to < 500	· //
	≥ 500	
		Total = 100%
		·
		·
		•

 $[\ \]$ Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

10.13	types listed which are exposed to the listed substance and which are in service according to the specified weight percent of the listed substance passing through the component. Do this for each process type identified in your process block residual treatment block flow diagram(s). Do not include equipment types that not exposed to the listed substance. If this is a batch or intermittently operaprocess, give an overall percentage of time per year that the process type is exposed to the listed substance. Photocopy this question and complete it separates											
CBI	for each process type.											
	Process type REBOND POLYUPETHAN TOAM MAMFACTURING PROCESS											
	Percentage of time per year that the listed substance is exposed to this process type											
	Number of Components in Service by Weight Percent of Listed Substance in Process Stream											
		Less	01 21310	d Substan	ce in ito	cess stre	Greater					
	Equipment Type	' <u>than 5%</u>	5-10%	11-25%	26-75%	76-99%	than 99%					
	Pump seals ¹	CANNED RUM	P									
	Packed	NA_				·	100%					
	Mechanical	VA_										
*	Double mechanical ²	NA										
	Compressor seals ¹											
	Flanges	NA										
	Valves											
	Gas ³	NA										
	Liquid				·							
	Pressure relief devices ⁴ (Gas or vapor only)	NA		-								
	Sample connections											
	Gas	NA										
	Liquid	BALL VALVE					1					
	Open-ended lines ⁵ (e.g., purge, vent)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-								
	Gas	_NA										
	Liquid	NA										
	¹ List the number of pump compressors	and compressor	seals, 1	ather tha	in the num	ber of pu	imps or					
10.13	continued on next page											

• ;	
X	
10.13	(continued)
	² If double mechanical seals are operated with the barrier (B) fluid at a pressure greater than the pump stuffing box pressure and/or equipped with a sensor (S) that will detect failure of the seal system, the barrier fluid system, or both, indicate with a "B" and/or an "S", respectively
	³ Conditions existing in the valve during normal operation
	⁴ Report all pressure relief devices in service, including those equipped with control devices
	⁵ Lines closed during normal operation that would be used during maintenance operations
10.14 CBI	Pressure Relief Devices with Controls Complete the following table for those pressure relief devices identified in 10.13 to indicate which pressure relief devices in service are controlled. If a pressure relief device is not controlled, enter "None" under column c.
₹J	a. b. c. d. Number of Percent Chemical Estimated Pressure Relief Devices in Vessel Control Device Control Efficiency
	Refer to the table in question 10.13 and record the percent range given under the heading entitled "Number of Components in Service by Weight Percent of Listed Substance" (e.g., <5%, 5-10%, 11-25%, etc.)
	² The EPA assigns a control efficiency of 100 percent for equipment leaks controlled with rupture discs under normal operating conditions. The EPA assigns a control efficiency of 98 percent for emissions routed to a flare under normal operating conditions
[_]	Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.
	118

10.15	Equipment Leak Deterplace, complete the procedures. Photocotype.	following table re	garding tho	se leak det	ection and r	epair
 [Process type	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				
	Equipment Type	Leak Detection Concentration (ppm or mg/m³) Measured at Inches from Source	Detection Device		Repairs Initiated (days after detection)	Repairs Completed (days afte initiated)
			Device	(per year)	<u>detection</u>)	initiated)
	Pump seals Packed					
	Mechanical					
	Double mechanical		/\			
	Compressor seals	— / / - /	'		- Million and a second and a second	
	Flanges		/			
	Valves	-/N/J	/			
	Gas					
	Liquid Pressure relief devices (gas or vapor only)					
	Sample connections	7				**************************************
	Gas					
	Liquid g	/				
	Open-ended lines					***************************************
	Gas					
	Liquid					
	¹ Use the following c	odes to designate (detection de	vice:		
	POVA = Portable org FPM = Fixed point m O = Other (specify)	anic vapor analyze	r			
						

-			flow diagram	Vessel	Vessel	Vessel		Operating		•			
 Vessel Type		Composition of Stored Materials ³	Throughput (liters per year)	Filling Rate (gpm)	Filling Duration (min)	Inner Diameter (m)		Volume	Vessel Emission Controls	Design Flow Rate ⁵		Control Efficiency (%)	Basi: for Estima
F			,	40	100	3	3.3	1,700	DISSICAT	EDUK	5.08	UK	5
managing to the second													
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					· 						-	-	
 ¹ Use the following codes to designate vessel type:							the fo	llowing	codes to	designa	te floatir	ng roof seal	s:
-	= Fixed ro						MS1 = Mechanical shoe, primary						
CIF = Contact internal floating roof NCIF = Noncontact internal floating roof						MS2	MS2 = Shoe-mounted secondary MS2R = Rim-mounted, secondary						
	= INOURCOURS	EFR = External floating roof					<pre>LM1 = Liquid-mounted resilient filled seal, primary LM2 = Rim-mounted shield</pre>						
NCIF EFR	= External	l floating ro		re ratin	σ\							,	
NCIF EFR P H	= External = Pressure = Horizon	l floating ro e vessel (inc tal		re ratin	g)	LM2 LMW	= Rin = Wea	i⊣mounte ither sh	d shield ield				
NCIF EFR P H	= External = Pressure	l floating ro e vessel (inc tal		re ratin	g)	LM2 LMW VM1 VM2	= Rin = Wea = Vap = Rin	n-mounte other sh or moun	d shield wield wied resili nd secondar	ent fil			
NCIF EFR P H U	= External = Pressure = Horizon = Undergre	l floating ro e vessel (inc tal ound			,	LM2 LMW VM1 VM2 VMW	= Rim = Wea = Vap = Rim = Wea	n-mounte or moun n-mounte other sh	d shield nield nted resili nd secondar nield	ent fili y	led seal,	primary	
NCIF EFR P H U	ExternalPressureHorizonUndergro	l floating ro e vessel (inc tal ound	dicate pressu		,	LM2 LMW VM1 VM2 VMW	= Rim = Wea = Vap = Rim = Wea	n-mounte or moun n-mounte other sh	d shield nield nted resili nd secondar nield	ent fili y	led seal,	primary	
NCIF EFR P H U	= External = Pressure = Horizon = Undergro ate weigh	I floating ro e vessel (inc tal ound t percent of ating roofs	dicate pressu	ubstance	. Include	LM2 LMW VM1 VM2 VMW the tota	= Rim = Wea = Vap = Rim = Wea	i-mounte or mount i-mounte other sh	d shield nield nted resili d secondar nield panic conte	ent fil y nt in p	led seal,	primary	
NCIF EFR P H U J Indic Other	= External = Pressure = Horizon = Undergro ate weigh than flow	I floating ro e vessel (inc tal ound t percent of ating roofs rate the em	dicate pressu	substance al device	. Include	LM2 LMW VM1 VM2 VMW the tota	= Rim = Wea = Vap = Rim = Wea l volat	n-mounte ather sh por mounte n-mounte ather sh cile org	d shield nield nted resili d secondar nield panic conte	ent fil y nt in p	led seal,	primary	

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PART E NON-ROUTINE RELEASES

10.23 Indicate the date and time when the release occurred and when the release ceased or was stopped. If there were more than six releases, attach a continuation sheet and list all releases.

Release	Date Started	Time (am/pm)	Date Stopped	Time (am/pm)
1	_NA	NA	WA	NA
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4				
5				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
6				

10.24 Specify the weather conditions at the time of each release. $\mathcal{N}\mathcal{H}$

Release	Wind Speed (km/hr)	Wind Direction	Humidity (%)	Temperature (°C)	Precipitation (Y/N)
1		/	/		***************************************
2				***	
3		-// /	/		**************************************
4		#			
5					- management and the endotted front fronts - for many date fronts - management
6		<u> </u>			***************************************

 $[\ \]$ Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

ADDENDIY	т.	Liet	٥f	Continuation	Sheets
ALLENDIA	1:	LIST	UL	Continuation	SHEELS

Attach continuation sheets for sections of this form and optional information after this page. In column 1, clearly identify the continuation sheet by listing the question number to which it relates. In column 2, enter the inclusive page numbers of the continuation sheet for each question number.

	Question Number (1)		Continuation Sheet Page Numbers (2)
4.02	·		1-8
7.01			
7,03			4.1
9,04			1
			
			
			
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MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

DIVISION ADDRESS



Mobay Corporation

MOBAY CORPORATION Polyurethane Division Mobay Road <u>Pitt</u>sburgh, PA 15205-9741

ISSUE DATE **SUPERSEDES** 3/20/89 1/2/89

TRANSPORTATION EMERGENCY: CALL CHEMTREC

TELEPHONE NO: 800-424-9300; DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA: 202-483-7616

MOBAY NON-TRANSPORTATION EMERGENCY NO.: (412) 923-1800

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME....: Mondur TD-80 (All Grades)

PRODUCT CODE NUMBER....: E-002

CHEMICAL FAMILY....: Aromatic Isocyanate

CHEMICAL NAME....: Toluene Diisocyanate (TDI)

SYNONYMS....: Benzene, 1,3-diisocyanato methyl-

CAS NUMBER....: 26471-62-5

T.S.C.A. STATUS....: This product is listed on the TSCA Inventory.

OSHA HAZARD COMMUNICATION

STATUS....: This product is hazardous under the criteria of

the Federal OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

CHEMICAL FORMULA....: $C_9H_6N_2O_2$

·II. <u>HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS</u>

COMPONENTS:	%:	OSHA-PEL	ACGIH-TLV
2,4-Toluene Diisocyanate* (TDI) CAS# 584-84-9	80	0.02 ppm STEL 0.005 ppm 8HR TWA	0.005 ppm TWA 0.02 ppm STEL
2,6-Toluene Diisocyanate* (TDI) CAS# 91-08-7	20	Not Established	Not Established

^{*}For Section 302 and 313 SARA information refer to Page 6, Section IX, SARA.

III. PHYSICAL DATA

APPEARANCE....: Liauid

COLOR....: Water white to pale yellow

Sharp, pungent

ODOR THRESHOLD....: Greater than TLV of 0.005 ppm

MOLECULAR WEIGHT....:

Approx. 55° F (13° C) for TDI Approx. 484° F (251° C) for TDI Approx. 0.025 mmHg @ 77° F (25° C) for TDI MELT POINT/FREEZE POINT...: BOILING POINT....:

VAPOR PRESSURE....:

VAPOR DENSITY (AIR=1)....: 6.0 for TDI Not Applicable 1.22 @ 77°F (25°C) SPECIFIC GRAVITY....: BULK DENSITY....:

10.18 lbs/qal SOLUBILITY IN WATER....:

Not Soluble. Reacts slowly with water at normal

room temperature to liberate CO₂ gas.

% VOLATILE BY VOLUME.....: Negligible

Product Code: E-002

Page 1 of 8

4,02

IV. FIRE & EXPLOSION DATA

FLASH POINT OF (OC)...... 260°F (127°C) Pensky-Martens Closed Cup FLAMMABLE LIMITS -

9.5%

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA.....: Dry chemical (e.g. monoammonium phosphate, potassium sulfate, and potassium chloride), carbon dioxide, high expansion (proteinic) chemical foam, water spray for large fires. Caution: Reaction between water or foam and hot TDI can be vigorous. SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES/UNUSUAL FIRE OR EXPLOSION HAZARDS: Full emergency equipment with self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing (such as rubber gloves, boots, bands around legs, arms and waist) should be worn by fire fighters. No skin surface should be exposed. During a fire, TDI vapors and other irritating, highly toxic gases may generated by thermal decomposition or combustion. (See Section VIII). At temperatures greater than 350°F (177°C) TDI forms carbodiimides with the release of CO2 which can cause pressure build-up in closed containers. Explosive rupture is possible. Therefore, use cold water to cool fire-exposed

V. 'HUMAN HEALTH DATA

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF Inhalation. Skin contact from liquid, vapors or aerosols.

EFFECTS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE **INHALATION**

containers.

Acute Exposure. TDI vapors or mist at concentrations above the TLV can irritate (burning sensation) the mucous membranes in the respiratory tract (nose, throat, lungs) causing runny nose, sore throat, coughing, chest discomfort, shortness of breath and reduced lung function (breathing obstruction). Persons with a preexisting, nonspecific bronchial hyperreactivity can respond to concentrations below the TLV with similar symptoms as well as asthma attack. Exposure well above the TLV may lead to bronchitis, bronchial spasm and pulmonary edema (fluid in lungs). These effects are usually reversible. Chemical or hypersensitive pneumonitis, with flu-like symptoms (e.g., fever, chills), has also been reported. These symptoms can be delayed up to several hours after exposure.

Chronic Exposure. As a result of previous repeated overexposures or a single large dose, certain individuals may develop isocyanate sensitization (chemical asthma) which will cause them to react to a later exposure to isocyanate at levels well below the TLV. These symptoms, which can include chest tightness, wheezing, cough, shortness of breath or asthmatic attack, could be immediate or delayed up to several hours after exposure. Similar to many non-specific asthmatic responses, there are reports that once sensitized an individual can experience these symptoms upon exposure to dust, cold air or other irritants. This increased lung sensitivity can persist for weeks and in severe cases for several years. Chronic overexposure to isocyanate has also been reported to cause lung damage (including decrease in lung function) which may be permanent. Sensitization can either be temporary or permanent.

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V. **HUMAN HEALTH DATA** (Continued)

SKIN CONTACT

Acute Exposure. Isocyanates react with skin protein and moisture and can cause irritation which may include the following symptoms: reddening,

swelling, rash, scaling or blistering. Cured material is difficult to remove.

<u>Chronic Exposure.</u> Prolonged contact can cause reddening, swelling, rash, scaling, blistering, and, in some cases, skin sensitization. Individuals who have developed a skin sensitization can develop these symptoms as a result of contact with very small amounts of liquid material or as a result of exposure to vapor.

EYE CONTACT

Acute Exposure. Liquid, aerosols or vapors are severely irritating and can cause pain, tearing, reddening and swelling. If left untreated, corneal damage can occur and injury is slow to heal. However, damage is usually reversible. See Section VI for treatment.

<u>Chronic Exposure.</u> Prolonged vapor contact may cause conjunctivitis.

INGESTION

Acute Exposure. Can result in irritation and corrosive action in the mouth, stomach tissue and digestive tract. Symptoms can include sore throat, abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

Chronic Exposure. None Found

MEDICAL CONDITIONS

AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE..: Asthma, other respiratory disorders (bronchitis, emphysema, bronchial hyperreactivity), skin allergies, eczema.

CARCINOGENICITY............ No carcinogenic activity was observed in lifetime inhalation studies in rats and mice (International Isocyanate Institute).

IARC..... IARC has announced that it will list TDI as a substance for which there is sufficient evidence for its carcinogenicity in experimental animals but inadequate evidence for the carcinogenicity of TDI to

humans (IARC Monograph 39).

OSHA..... Not listed.

EXPOSURE LIMITS

OSHA PEL..... 0.02 ppm STEL/0.005 ppm 8HR TWA for 2,4'-TDI **ACGIH TLV.....** 0.005 ppm TWA/0.02 ppm STEL

VI. EMERGENCY & FIRST AID PROCEDURES

EYE CONTACT...... Flush with copious amounts of water, preferably lukewarm for at least 15 minutes holding eyelids open all the time. Refer individual to physician or an ophthalmologist for immediate follow-up.

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VI. EMERGENCY & FIRST AID PROCEDURE (Continued)

SKIN CONTACT..... Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Wash affected areas thoroughly with soap and water for at least 15 minutes. Tincture of green soap and water is also effective in removing isocyanates. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly before reuse. For severe exposures, get under safety shower after removing clothing, then get medical attention. For lesser exposures, seek medical attention if irritation develops or persists after the area is washed. INHALATION...... Move to an area free from risk of further exposure. Administer oxygen or artificial respiration as needed. Obtain medical attention. Asthmatic-type symptoms may develop and may be immediate or delayed up to several hours. Consult physician. INGESTION..... Do not induce vomiting. Give 1 to 2 cups of milk or water to drink. DO NOT GIVE ANYTHING BY MOUTH TO AN UNCONSCIOUS PERSON. Consult physician. NOTE TO PHYSICIAN.....: Eyes. Stain for evidence of corneal injury. If cornea is burned, instill antibiotic steroid preparation frequently. Workplace vapors have produced reversible corneal epithelial edema impairing vision. Skin. This compound is a known skin sensitizer. Treat symptomatically as for contact dermatitis or thermal burns. Inquestion. Treat symptomatically. There is no specific antidote. Inducing vomiting is contraindicated because of the irritating nature of this compound. Respiratory. This compound is a known pulmonary sensitizer. Treatment is essentially symptomatic. An individual having a skin or pulmonary sensitization reaction to this material should be removed from exposure to any isocvanate.

VII. EMPLOYEE PROTECTION RECOMMENDATIONS

EYE PROTECTION..... Liquid chemical goggles or full-face shield. Contact lenses should not be worn. If vapor exposure is causing irritation, use a full-face, air-supplied respirator. SKIN PROTECTION..... Chemical resistant gloves (butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, polyvinyl alcohol). However, please note that PVA degrades in water. Cover as much of the exposed skin area as possible with appropriate clothing. If skin creams are used, keep the area covered only by the cream to a minimum. RESPIRATORY PROTECTION....: An approved positive pressure air-supplied respirator is required whenever TDI concentrations are not known or exceed the Short-Term Exposure or Ceiling Limit of 0.02 ppm or exceed the 8-hour Time Weighted Average TLV of 0.005 ppm. An approved air-supplied respirator with full facepiece must also be worn during spray application, even if exhaust ventilation is used. For emergency and other conditions where the exposure limits may be greatly exceeded, use an approved, positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus. TDI has poor warning properties since the odor at which TDI can be smelled is substantially higher than 0.02 ppm. Observe OSHA regulations for respirator use (29 CFR 1910.134).

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VII. EMPLOYEE PROTECTION RECOMMENDATIONS (Continued)

VENTILATION...... Local exhaust should be used to maintain levels below the TLV whenever TDI is handled, processed, or spray-applied. At normal room temperatures (70°F) TDI levels quickly exceed the TLV unless properly ventilated. Standard reference sources regarding industrial ventilation (e.g., ACGIH Industrial Ventilation) should be consulted for guidance about adequate ventilation.

MONITORING.....: TDI exposure levels must be monitored by accepted monitoring techniques to ensure that the TLV is not exceeded. (Contact Mobay for guidance). See Volume 1 (Chapter 17) and Volume 3 (Chapter 3) in Patty's Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology for sampling strategy.

MEDICAL SURVEILLANCE.....: Medical supervision of all employees who handle or come in contact with TDI is recommended. These should include preemployment and periodic medical examinations with respiratory function tests (FEV, FVC as a minimum). Persons with asthmatic-type conditions, chronic bronchitis, other chronic respiratory diseases or recurrent skin eczema or sensitization should be excluded from working with TDI. Once a person is diagnosed as sensitized to TDI, no further exposure can be permitted.

OTHER...... Safety showers and eyewash stations should be available. Educate and train employees in safe use of product. Follow all label instructions.

VIII. REACTIVITY DATA

STABILITY.....: Stable under normal conditions.

POLYMERIZATION....: May occur if in contact with moisture or other materials which react with isocyanates. Self-reaction may occur at temperatures over 350°F (177°C) or at lower temperatures if sufficient time is involved. See Section IV.

INCOMPATIBILITY

(MATERIALS TO AVOID)....: Water, amines, strong bases, alcohols. Will cause some corrosion to copper alloys and aluminum. Reacts with water to form heat, CO, and insoluble ureas.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION

PRODUCTS..... By high heat and fire: carbon monoxide, oxides of nitrogen, traces of HCN, TDI vapors and mist.

IX. SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: Evacuate and ventilate spill area; dike spill to prevent entry into water system; wear full protective equipment, including respiratory equipment during clean-up. (See Section VII).

Major Spill: Call Mobay at 412/923-1800. If transportation spill, call CHEMTREC 800/424-9300. If temporary control of isocyanate vapor is required, a blanket of protein foam (available at most fire departments) may be placed over the spill. Large quantities may be pumped into closed, but not sealed, container for disposal.

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IX. SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES (Continued)

Minor Spill: Absorb isocyanate with sawdust or other absorbent, shovel into suitable unsealed containers, transport to well-ventilated area (outside) and treat with neutralizing solution: mixture of water (80%) with non-ionic surfactant Tergitol TMN-10 (20%), or; water (90%), concentrated ammonia (3-8%) and detergent (2%). Add about 10 parts or neutralizer per part of isocyanate, with mixing. Allow to stand uncovered for 48 hours to let CO, escape. Clean-up: Decontaminate floor with decontamination solution fetting stand for

at least 15 minutes.

CERCLA (SUPERFUND) REPORTABLE QUANTITY: 100 pounds for TDI WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD....: Follow all federal, state or local regulations. TDI must be disposed of in a permitted incinerator or landfill. Incineration is the preferred method for liquids. Solids are usually incinerated or landfilled. Empty containers must be handled with care due to product residue. Decontaminate containers prior to disposal. Empty decontaminated containers should be crushed to prevent reuse. DO NOT HEAT OR CUT EMPTY CONTAINER WITH ELECTRIC OR GAS TORCH. (See Sections IV and VIII). Vapors and gases may be highly toxic.

RCRA STATUS...... TDI is listed as a hazardous waste (No. U-223) under Title 40 Code of Federal Regulations, Section 261.33 (f). The residue from decontaminating a TDI spill is also classified as a hazardous waste under

Section 261.3 (c)(2) or RCRA.

SUPERFUND AMENDMENTS AND REAUTHORIZATION ACT (SARA), TITLE III:

Section 302 - Extremely Hazardous Substances: 2,4-Toluene Diisocyanate (TDI) CAS# 584-84-9 = 80%

> 2.6-Toluene Diisocyanate (TDI) CAS# 91-08-7 = 20%

Section 313 - Toxic Chemicals: 2,4-Toluene Diisocyanate (TDI) CAS# 584-84-9 = 80%2,6-Toluene Diisocyanate (TDI) CAS# 91-08-7 = 20%

X. SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS & STORAGE DATA

STORAGE TEMPERATURE

(MIN./MAX.)..... 70°F (21°C)/90°F (32°C)

AVERAGE SHELF LIFE..... 12 months

SPECIAL SENSITIVITY

(HEAT, LIGHT, MOISTURE).: If container is exposed to high heat, 375°F (177°C) it can be pressurized and possibly rupture. TDI reacts slowly with water to form polyureas and liberates CO, gas. This gas can cause sealed containers to expand and possibly rupture. PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN

IN HANDLING AND STORING.: Store in tightly closed containers to prevent moisture contamination. Do not reseal if contamination is suspected. Prevent all contact. Do not breathe the vapors. Warning properties (irritation of the eyes, nose and throat or odor) are not adequate to prevent chronic overexposure from inhalation. This material can produce asthmatic sensitization upon either single inhalation exposure to a relatively high concentration or upon repeated inhalation exposures to lower concentrations. Exposure to vapors of heated TDI can be extremely dangerous. Employee education and training in safe handling of this product are required under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard.

> Product Code: E-002 Page 6 of 8

XI. SHIPPING DATA

D.O.T. SHIPPING NAME....: Toluene Diisocyanate TECHNICAL SHIPPING NAME...: Toluene Diisocyanate (TDI) D.O.T. HAZARD CLASS....: Poison B UN/NA NO....: UN 2078 PRODUCT RQ..... 100 pounds D.O.T. LABELS....: Poison D.O.T. PLACARDS....: Poison FRT. CLASS BULK..... Toluene Diisocyanate FRT. CLASS PKG...... Chemicals, NOI (Toluene Diisocyanate) NMFC 60000

PRODUCT LABEL..... Mondur TD-80 Product Label

XII. ANIMAL TOXICITY DATA

ACUTE TOXICITY ORAL, LD50...... Range of 4130-6170 mg/kg (Rats and Mice) DERMAL, LD50..... Greater than 10,000 mg/kg (Rabbits) INHALATION, LC50.(4 hr).: Range of 16-50 ppm (Rat), 10 ppm (Mouse), 11 ppm (Rabbit), 13 ppm (Guinea Pig).

EYE EFFECTS....: Severe eye irritant capable of inducing corneal

opacity.

SKIN EFFECTS..... Moderate skin irritant. Primary dermal irritation score: 4.12/8.0 (Draize). However, repeated or prolonged contact may culminate in severe skin irritation and/or corrosion. SENSITIZATION...... Skin sensitizer in guinea pigs. One study using guinea pigs reported that repeated skin contact with TDI caused respiratory sensitization. Although poorly defined in experimental animal models, TDI is known to be a pulmonary sensitizer in humans. In addition, there is some evidence that cross-sensitization between different types of diisocyanates may occur.

SUB-CHRONIC/CHRONIC TOXICITY: Sub-chronic and chronic animal studies show that the primary effects of inhaling vapors and/or aerosols of TDI are restricted to the pulmonary systems. Emphysema, pulmonary edema, pneumonitis and rhinitis are common pathologic effects. Extended exposures to as low as

0.1 ppm TDI have induces pulmonary inflammation.

OTHER

CARCINOGENICITY...... The NTP conducted carcinogenesis studies of a commercial grade TDI using rats and mice in which the test material was diluted in corn oil and administered by gavage. The investigators concluded that TDI was carcinogenic in male and female rats (fibrosarcomas, pancreatic adenomas, neoplastic liver nodules and mammary gland fibrosarcomas) and female mice (hemangiosarcomas and hepatocellular adenomas). However, chronic inhalation studies in which rats and mice were exposed to 0.05 and 0.15 ppm TDI (10-30 times recommended TLV, 8-hr level) induced no treatment-related tumorigenic effects. In these studies, both exposure levels produced extensive irritation to the nasal passages and upper respiratory system of the test animals indicating that suitable effective exposures were administered.

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XII. ANIMAL TOXICITY DATA (Continued)

MUTAGENICITY.....: TDI is positive in the Ames assay with activation. However, mammalian cell transformation assays using human lung cells and Syrian hamster kidney cells were negative, as were micronucleus tests using rats and mice.

TERATOGENICITY.....: Rats were exposed to an 80:20 mixture of 2,4-and 2,6- toluene diisocyanate vapor at analytical concentrations of 0.021, 0.12 and 0.48 ppm. Minimal fetotoxicity was observed at a maternally toxic concentrations of 0.48 ppm. The NOEL for maternal and developmental toxicity was 0.12 ppm. No embryotoxicity or teratogenicity was observed.

AQUATIC TOXICITY....: LC50 - 96 hr (static): 165 mg/liter (Fathead minhow)

LC50 - 96 hr (static): Greater than 508 mg/liter (Grass shrimp)

LC50 - 24 hr (static): Greater than 500 mg/liter (Daphnia magna)

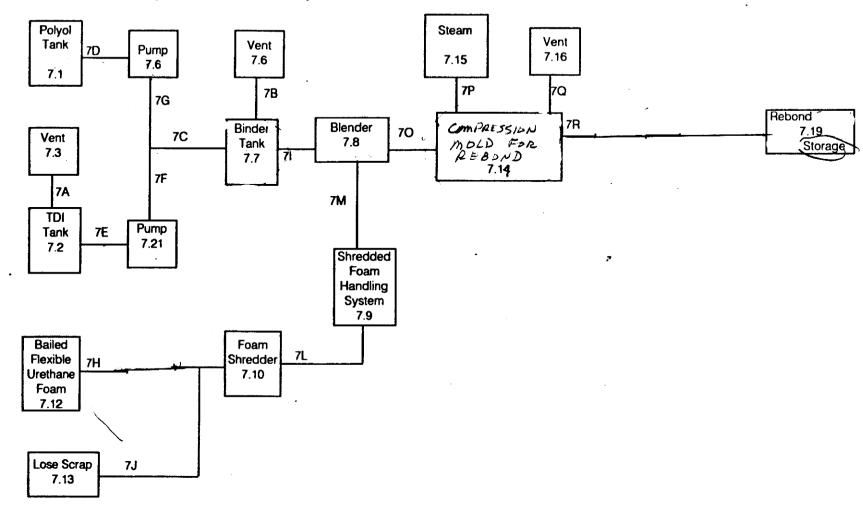
XIII. APPROVALS

REASON FOR ISSUE.....: Revising TLV in Sections II and V
PREPARED BY...... G. L. Copeland
APPROVED BY...... J. H. Chapman
TITLE..... Manager, Product Safety - Polyurethane & Coatings

Product Code: E-002 Page 8 of 8 7.01 PROCESSOR

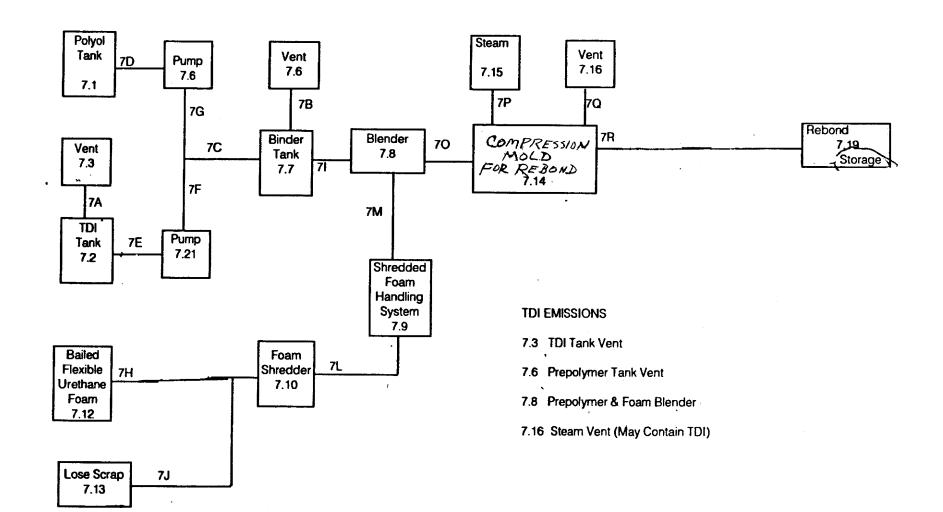
Process Type: Rebond POLY URETHANE FORM MANNEACTURING PROCESS

Intermediates: Prepolymer Containing TDI Used to Glue Scrap Foam Into Rebond



7.03 EMISSIONS

Process Type: Rebond POLYUPETHANE FORM MANAFACTURING PROCESS Intermediates: Prepolymer Containing TDI Used to Glue Scrap Foam into Rebond



Process Type: Rebond FORM Manufacturing Process

Intermediates: Prepolymer Containing TDI Used to Glue Scrap Foam into Rebond

